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Masticates the bone;
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Carries off the maid,
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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1893. NO. 9.

Has Arrived!

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By request L. G. Chamberlain, late of Philadelphia, College Graduate, will visit this city annually. During the last 15 years he has fitted spectacles to the eyes of 100,000 men, women and children in the leading cities. Come and see his recommendations from the judges, druggists and doctors of the adjoining cities. If you have any trouble with your eyes do not fail to consult Mr. Chamberlain. If you can see with your spectacles, he can fit you with glasses you can see far better with. He positively can make all cross-eyed children see straight by the use of Spectacles. Prices in reach of all. See "Circular."

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To whom it may concern.

Sept. 12, 1892.

I have much pleasure in recommending Mr. L. G. Chamberlain to any one needing glasses for squint, weak or defective vision. He spent several days with me in this town and by his urbanity, ability, business tact and attention, gave general satisfaction, fitting many cases of astigmatism skilfully as well as other difficult cases, with other very good results. R. PERCY CROOKSHANK, M.D., the leading family physician, Rapid City, Manitoba. At Langley & Co.'s 23 Yates St., till Saturday, January 14.

Mr. Chamberlain has stopped with all the below Medical Doctors and Druggists, who are his reference, and he will visit each place annually:

W. R. Inman & Co., Winnipeg, Man., cor. Main and Market St., Central Drug Hall; E. Scarlett, Manitou, Manitoba, Druggist and Stationer; J. W. Higginbotham, Virden, Manitoba, The Druggist; R. P. Crookshank, M. D., Rapid City, Manitoba, the leading Physician and Druggist; J. K. Potton, Minnedosa, Manitoba; The Druggist and Stationer; J. T. Stoit, M.D., Souris Manitoba; Dr. Woodhull, Hartney, Manitoba, Physician and Druggist; W. E. Cowan, Deloraine, Manitoba, The Druggist; J. W. Wright, Boissevain, Manitoba, The Druggist; John B. Hobbs, Pilot Mound, Manitoba, Druggist; G. W. McLaren, Morden, Manitoba, Druggist; F. Gassleman, Emerson, Manitoba, The Druggist; Mayer D. S. Curtis, Druggist, New Westminster; E. Pemberly & Co., Nanaimo, B. C.; A. Wolden & Co., Calgary; John Dawson, Regina; Albert Hughes, Medicine Hat; Walter Bole, Moose Jaw; Carmen Estate, Moosomin.

There is no more appropriate present than a nice pair of Gold Spectacles.

COME EARLY AND AVOID THE RUSH

As the last day of his stay he usually has more patients than he can wait on. Saturday, Jan. 14, will positively be his last day here.

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Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. **A. B. Erskine**

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

Opening of the Provincial Assembly To-day and the Vice-Regal Address.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau Speaks Pleasantly of the Prospects of the Province.

Agriculture and the Making of Butter and Cheese to be Given Extra Attention.

QUEBEC, Jan. 13.—The legislature opened to-day. Following is the speech from the throne:—

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council; Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:—

It is with feelings of pleasure that I welcome you at the opening of this session, the first since I had the distinguished honor of being appointed by the representative of our sovereign to the office of Lieut.-Governor of this province. You will be pleased to learn that during the past year the financial situation has been markedly improved, so far as it is possible to determine from the six months from the first of July last. The sums voted for the ordinary expenses of the year 1892-93, which showed a reduction of more than $400,000 from those of the preceding year, will be sufficient, and probably more than sufficient, while the receipts will exceed the expectations of the Government. It is true that the acts passed last session to meet the exigencies of the situation have been subject to criticism. However, I am pleased to find that such has generally been in a friendly spirit; it does not exhibit any tendency to refuse the Government the means of meeting their obligations and maintaining the provincial institutions, but confines itself to requiring that the public business be administered with the strictest economy and that certain modifications be made. My Government is confident that public opinion will be completely satisfied on examining the evidence of the retrenchments made and on being assured that such amendments will be adopted as will be justified by the working of the present law, and when fuller statistics and information will have been received than existed last session.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:—

The public accounts for the last year will be laid before you as well as the estimates for the year commencing on the first of July next. I am convinced that you will not refuse to actively assist my Government in the measures which they propose submitting to you, so as to bring about further economy in the administration of public affairs.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:—

Yot will be called upon to legislate upon the pensioning of public officers, the salaries of registrars and of certain officers of justice, and upon the establishment of agricultural associations. Agriculture should next after the reduction of the expenditure and the increase of revenue be the chief object of your attention. The system so successfully inaugurated last fall for the encouraging of butter-making during the winter months gave results which exceeded expectations. It is truly a salutary revolution that is taking place in our system of agriculture, and my Government wishes to continue this system for the next three years. My Government will continue to foster as much as possible the establishment of butter and cheese syndicates so as to secure throughout the province the manufacture of a uniform article of excellent quality.

You will have to pronounce upon bills respecting the sale of intoxicating liquor, civil procedure, the construction and working of railways subsidized by the Government, the granting of charters for this purpose and the payment of debts incurred in the carrying out of these enterprises.

I pray that Providence will bless your labors, and I earnestly hope that your devotion to our dear province will steadily guide in the way of duty.

Yet Lived Through It.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The British ship Thomas A. McLennan, Captain Mann, has arrived, 35 days from Hakodate, Japan, with a cargo of 2519 tons of sulphur, after a stormy voyage. The ship sailed from Hakodate on Dec. 6; on the tenth the ship was in a typhoon and a high sea kept the decks filled to the rail with water for 24 hours. Great damage was done on deck; an immense sea tore the main and fore hatches from their fastenings and allowed water to enter the hold. Another sea stove in the cabin bulkhead, breaking in the skylight, tearing doors from their hinges and carrying away part of the poop deck. The bulkhead and the mate's room were washed overboard and the seas that flooded the cabin ruined the logbook and wearing apparel and bedding of the officers. The captain's effects also went overboard, leaving him only the clothes he stood in. The second and third mates' rooms were washed out also, and part of their belongings went overboard. The cook's galley and utensils were washed away, the forward house stove in, the engine room steam pumps torn from their fastenings, the forecastle bulkhead stove in, the starboard aft lifeboat smashed and washed overboard, the port quarter boat was also stove in, the port iron fresh water tank burst, five stanchions on the port side and two between decks gave way and the main rigging screws parted. The following day the weather moderated and repairs were begun. Sulphur that had been wet was jettisoned to prevent fire, as it was smoking.

'Tis a Fight to the Death.

ST. PAUL, Min., Jan. 13.—The transcontinental meeting to-day was another all-day wrangle, which placed the officials further from an agreement than ever. It is plain to everybody now that it is a fight to the death between the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific companies, in which the other companies are playing only minor parts, with an average indebtedness of $60,000 per mile for the Northern Pacific, as against $15,000 per mile in favor of the Great Northern, to try and force the Northern Pacific into the hands of a receiver. This would, of course, retire the bonds of the latter, and so depreciate stock that President Hill and his colleagues would be enabled to capture the great property. The traffic managers, passenger agents, and all their clerical belongings, are, of course, but the executors of the two giants who are pulling the strings. The "amiable contest" now in progress between the executive officers during the rate adjustment conference, while of importance to the shipping and travelling public, is only a small matter in the problem agitating the minds of the real leaders in the contest.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—The transcontinental lines are still in the dark regarding the Great Northern's policy. Months ago it was announced that it would establish a distance tariff as soon as its Pacific coast extension was completed. The last spike has been driven on the extension, through trains have been running and still the Great Northern makes no sign. This inaction accounts in a large measure for the fizzle of the St. Paul meeting of transcontinental lines which was called almost wholly to consider rates. If the Great Northern establishes a distance tariff or applies the principles of the "Hungarian zone system" it will disarrange and lower every transcontinental rate, except through rates. Realizing this, the transcontinental officials did not care to take action which would certainly be rendered useless if the Great Northern carried out its announcement. If the proposed system is adopted by the Great Northern and in turn by other transcontinental lines, it will mean a complete loss of all through business which can possibly be taken by water routes. It would likewise force the adoption of numerous commodity rates. California fruit for instance, could not be marketed in competition with Florida and pay the high rates the new system would enforce. The Union Pacific and Northern Pacific officials are in daily consultation with those of the Great Northern attempting to effect a change of mind, but up to this time no progress has been made.

Ruling Passion Strong in Death.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—John Moore, who for the last twenty-three years was the stage manager of Daly's theatre, and who for over 50 years served in that capacity in several of the largest and best-known theatres in this country, died yesterday. Moore was so wrapped up in his profession that just before he died, with his mind wandering a little, he called for pencil and paper and dictated a scene plan for "The School for Scandal" which he thought, in his delirium, was to be played with a new company at the theatre where Moore was born, in London in 1814.

Modernizing Presbyterianism.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 13.—A dozen or more prominent Presbyterian clergymen held a meeting here last night. They say that the prosecution of Dr. Smith makes it necessary for them to organize in his behalf, while the illiberality of the church leads them to begin a movement that will enable Presbyterianism to take higher grounds before it falls far behind. An effort will be made to have the pastors of the entire church who favor more liberality unite and work for more freedom of theological action.

Not Proud of Tammany.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Gossip in political circles has it that President elect Cleveland is not particularly pleased at the decision of the inauguration committee in giving the place of honor at the head of the inaugural procession to the Tammany braves, although it is not thought that he will care to put himself on record by directly objecting to the assignment.

Destruction of a Church.

LONG BRANCH, N.J., Jan. 13.—St. Luke's Methodist church in this place was destroyed by fire just before daylight this morning, causing a loss of £60,000. The firemen suffered intensely from the cold, and the water was frozen soon after being thrown on the building. The church was one of the handsomest structures in Long Branch, and was insured for $30,000.

Union Pacific Stock.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 13.—There have been received at the Boston office of the Union Pacific to date $3,018,000 Union Pacific 6 per cent. guarantee notes, cancelled, and it is understood there are in the hands of the trustees upwards of $1,500,000 worth of notes which have been purchased, but not received as yet at the Boston office.

Very Rough Weather.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A heavy snow storm and an ice blockade, to a great extent, stopped the ferry service on the bay to-day. The Staten Island ferry boats took three hours to make the trip. All the others were more or less delayed. At Seabright, N.J., the ocean is frozen for a distance of 100 yards from shore.

Ruined His Moustache.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Jan. 13.—Donald Leach, a barber of this city, has been made the defendant in an action in Moline, Ill., for $5000 damages by Rudolph Obermeier, who alleges that his moustache was ruined by carelessness on the part of the defendant in trimming it.

Promoted to the Corwin.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 13.—Capt. F. M. Meinger, commander of the revenue cutter Galveston, at Galveston, Tex., has been ordered to the command of the revenue cutter Corwin at San Francisco.

COLOSSAL CRIME.

The Magnitude of the Sums Stolen by the Panamateurs Staggers Belief.

President Perivier Sharply Reproves de Lesseps for Flagrant Villany.

Ferdinand de Lesseps Had Implicit Confidence in His Own Good Fortune.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—Yesterday afternoon Baron Cottu was called upon by the president to explain his share in the transaction. Cottu explained that his work was merely technical and had to do with the international administration business of the company.

M. Eiffel admitted that besides the two million francs given to M. Hebrad and the two million francs given to the Baron de Reinach, two millions had been paid by him to a certain contractor, whose favor, like that of Hebrad and de Reinach, was indispensible to success.

Presiding Judge Perivier then asked: "What did you do with the six millions received by you for taking to pieces and shipping to the Isthmus and there reconstructing machinery which, as a matter of fact, you never even shipped to this country?" "I kept that sum," replied M. Eiffel lamely, because it formed a part of my remuneration for the risk I was undertaking." But your contract provided that you receive a thirty percentage to be paid to you within thirty days of the date of sending the orders. Now you took 2,875,000 francs from the forges of Cahnterer as a percentage, although the order was never executed. Do you think that this sum belonged to you?" "It was not my fault that the order was not delivered. I myself have often paid on contracts which were never executed, besides, this contingency was contemplated by the general conditions of the transaction."

"I consider such a transaction void," replied Jude Perivier sharply, "since it was the result of an error to call it nothing more. The Prosecutor-General will tell you more about this to-morrow and at the subsequent sittings of the court." M. Eiffel quailed visibly under these words and the audience rose in order to get a better view of the manner in which he bore the reproaches.

According to a semi-official statement issued to-night, M. Brahnt, when he was Minister of Public Works in 1886, submitted to his colleagues in the ministry a mutilated version of Engineer Rousseau's report on the Panama Canal project. M. Rousseau's report, it is now well known, condemned the whole enterprise.

The Commission of Inquiry heard the testimony of the members of the Lottery Loan Commission. The evidence went to show, beyond any reasonable doubt, that M. San Leroy was to a great extent, if not completely, guilty of the charges that have been made against him. M. de Rainet moved that the committee hear the evidence of M. Arton and M. de Lapirse, the liquidator of the Societe des Etudes. The motion was agreed to. M. Jolibois and Pelletan moved that the committee inquire into the contracts. They declare that 77,000,000 francs had been actually stolen and light on the subject was necessary. This motion was also agreed to.

The statement recently published, that the house of the Boulangist deputy, M. Laur, had been searched by the police in connection with the Panama enquiry, and that incriminating documents had been found, proves to have been entirely without foundation. It can be stated upon the authority of the Prefect of Police, that no such search was ever made and that no documents in any way compromising to Mr. Laur or showing that he had any connection whatever with the Panama affair, are known or supposed to be in existence. M. Laur is at present in America. The members of his family deny that his residence has been searched, and in this they are corroborated by the police authorities.

The Debats says that the examining magistrate of the Panama canal, M. Franqueville, examined M. de Freycinet in reference to the money paid to Cornelius Herz for radical support at M. de Freycinet's demand. The Cocarde asserts that M. de Franqueville went to M. de Freycinet's house on Sunday so as to excite no suspicion as to the examination. M. de Freycinet admitted using Panama canal money for the secret service principally for the purpose of obtaining important political and military documents.

The court room was crowded again to-day at the resumption of the trial of the Panama defendants. M. Rossignol, accountant for the Panama Company, was examined as a witness. President Perivier remarking that the accounts must have been recast before being submitted to expert examination. M. Monchicourt, liquidator for the Panama Company, deposed that Ferdinand de Lesseps had disregarded all warnings and insisted on proceeding with the Panama enterprise regardless of cost. The expenses, M. Monchicourt stated, were excessive throughout.

M. Monicourt added that Baron de Reinach and Messrs. Levy and Cremieux were deputed to pay for a certain report to be given the company in its schemes, but he was certain de Reinach retained the greater part of the funds entrusted to him for this purpose.

President Perivier at this juncture turned to Charles de Lesseps and reproached him severely for having permitted this.

Engineer Rousseau next described his method of inspecting the canal, on which he had based his famous report, which was in part suppressed. He also stated that M. Ferdinand de Lesseps had the blindest of faith in his own good fortune, and had supreme influence and direction in the management of work on the canal in all the branches.

Views on Imperial Federation.

TORONTO, Jan. 13.—Prof. Bryce's remarks on Imperial federation at the Colonial Institute last night, are significant owning to the fact that he is a member of the Cabinet. He said he knew the state of feeling that existed in Canada, namely, that the first thing which would be asked from the colonies, in order to promote federation would be to submit to some kind of control on the part of the Imperial Government, and to make some kind of contribution to Imperial funds. Their duty was to disabuse the minds of the colonies of this idea and show that Imperial federation involved no surrender of local self Government. In his opinion, the question of joint defence was the practicable point to begin with.

NATIONAL QUARANTINE.

Heads of Canadian Transatlantic Lines Interview the Government.

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—A steamship deputation composed of Messrs. Andrew A. Allan and George Hannah, of the Allan Line; R. Thom of the Beaver Line and John Torrance and Wm. McPherson of the Dominion Line, arrived here yesterday and interviewed the Ministers of Agriculture and the Interior in regard to quarantine and immigration matters. Mr. Allan said the steamship lines were anxious to know the exact restrictions to be adopted by the Government in view of a cholera invasion next season; both in respect to the character and number of the immigrants to be conveyed to Canada. He added that they were disposed to co-operate with the Government in taking all reasonable precautions against the invasion of cholera.

The deputation was assured that the trouble of last year as to the authority in quarantine matters to be exercised by the Dominion and provincial governments, would not be renewed, as a conference would shortly take place between the two governments, when it was expected that the matter would be amicably and satisfactorily settled.

The deputation was then informed that in view of the possibility of cholera making its appearance, every possible precaution would be taken, and the Gross Isle quarantine station placed in a state of thorough efficiency. The best disinfecting apparatus had been supplied and proper accommodation provided for all classes of passengers. A second steam tug would be employed next year, so as to facilitate inspection and disinfection.

As to the deep water wharf asked for, it was pointed out to the deputation that it would cost a very large sum; at least $150,000, and that it could not possibly be completed before the end of the season, if then. With the exception of the wharf, the deputation were assured that on the opening of navigation the Grosse Isle quarantine station would be found thoroughly equipped in every respect, and it was also intended to improve the quarantine station at Halifax.

The Minister of Agriculture has decided that the quarantine station on the Pacific coast shall be permanently established at Williams Head, which is four miles further out to sea than the present Albert Head station, and is more accessible for vessels bound in for Victoria and Vancouver.

Down the Colorado Canyon.

GRAND RIVER, Utah, Jan. 13.—The twin screw launch, Major Powell, started from the mouth of the San Rafael river last evening for a trip through the cataract canyon of the Colorado river. The craft made 12 miles an hour, being thrown from side to side of the stream in a helpless condition. She managed to escape the rocks, but at the mouth of the cataract she struck a snag and sank. Everyone on board escaped. This is the first trip in the canyon ever made by a craft of her size.

Blake in Great Demand.

LONDON, Jan. 13. — Hon. Edward Blake, who has taken up his quarters in London for the coming session, has two important fixtures for this month. On the 24th, he visits Glasgow at the invitation of the Scotch Liberals, and on the 28th, he is to visit Bath. In February he will probably speak in one of the London constituencies, and will visit Hull at a later date, not yet fixed, to keep a promise made several months ago.

Through the Ice Bridge.

QUEBEC, Jan. 13.—Wilfred Gingres, of Batiscan, was returning home from St. Pierre les Basquets over the ice bridge between the two places, when the ice gave way and Gingres, with his horse and vehicle, was precipitated into the water. His wife witnessed the accident and she immediately gave the alarm, but before assistance came Gingres was drowned.

The Winter Service.

MONTREAL, Jan. 13.—The street railway has decided to discontinue running cars on all its routes except St. Catharine street and the belt line. Sleighs would, it was stated, be put on all the routes except the two named, as fast as they are ready. An attempt will be made to run electric cars on St. Catharine street and the belt line all winter.

Lacombe the Missionary.

QUEBEC, Jan. 13.—Father Lacombe, the veteran missionary worker among the Indians of the Northwest, has come to Quebec, where he will remain two months. One of the objects of his trip is to secure a number of nurses for the new hospital which is being erected on the Belly River in the Blood reserve.

Young Conservatives Meeting.

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—All the ministers but Foster will leave to-night by special train for Toronto to attend a meeting of the Young Conservatives to-morrow night.

Albert, "look it up."

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire from all Parts of the Dominion.

The extra clerks in the postoffice department have been sent adrift.

Thomas Hannigan, of St. Catherines, was killed in a saloon row in Buffalo.

George Bennett, a contractor and prominent resident of Woodstock, died of apoplexy.

It is stated that at the next session of the Ontario Legislature Sir Oliver Mowat will divide Hamilton into two constituencies.

Marion, relict of Donald McCrae, mother of the late Thomas McCrae, and grandmother of David McCrae, of Janefield, died at Galt in her 100th year.

The Synod of the Anglican diocese of Rupert's Land opened Wednesday. Bishop Machrae made an extended reference to the school question in his charge.

M. Champagne, of Batoche, is suing the Government for $17,000 on account of the looting of his store by the Federal forces during the rebellion. The case comes up at Ottawa on Monday.

A telegram from Qu'Applle says that Rev. J. A. Burns, rector of Conniscliffe, Darlington, England, has been appointed bishop of Qu'Appelle to succeed Bishop Anson, who has resigned.

Mr. Gray, proprietor of the St. Lawrence Hotel, Ottawa, who sued another hotelkeeper named Rander, for alienating the affections of his wife, has compounded for $1000. He originally wanted $4000.

Frank Moore, found guilty of robbing the Metropolitan Street Railway company at Eglington and committing burglaries at Lansing and Newton Brook, was sentenced at Toronto to four years in the penitentiary.

At Miami, Manitoba, several buildings were destroyed by fire. The buildings destroyed were those of Collins & Munro, general merchants; Massey Harris, warehouse; Young's drug store and Dr. McPhillips' office and building.

A big steamship deputation was informed at Ottawa that every facility would be afforded vessels to pass quarantine at the opening of navigation in the spring. The interference of the Quebec authorities will not be permitted as last year.

Rev. Father Andre, one of the pioneer priests of the Northwest, is dead at Calgary. The deceased was one of the distinguished party of Roman Catholic clergy and laymen who gathered at the mission some months ago, and introduced the Indians of the plains to their brethren of the coast.

A Grand Rapids, Mich., dispatch says that Mrs. Margaret Cook, recently from Fenwick, Canada, has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment for procuring girls for immoral purposes. Mrs. Cook had money shortly before her arrival in Michigan and had bought a timber farm, on which there were a saloon and dance house. She declares she is innocent.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier was banqueted by the Young Men's Liberal Club of Hamilton. He said that he believed that the result of the last presidential election was a great success for free trade, and he predicted that free trade only could place Canada on an equal footing with the United States. Unrestricted reciprocity or free trade in natural products with the country to the south was what Canada most wanted at present, and if the Liberal party were in power, he said, this measure could be obtained. The speaker pronounced as a farce the attempts made by the present Dominion Government to secure unrestricted reciprocity with the United States, and said that when the Liberals obtained power he hoped the doctrine of free trade would have secured so strong a hold on the hearts of the Canadians that the policy of free trade would be held out to the whole world as their platform.

The Mail publishes a long letter from its Collingwood correspondent regarding the political situation in North Simcoe. It says that nothing else is talked of in the riding at present but the passage-at-arms between its representative in the House, Dalton McCarthy, and the Empire, over the former's attitude on the trade question. The Conservatives, it adds, are divided into two hostile camps, one, by far the largest and most influential, being determined to follow Mr. McCarthy through thick and thin, the other fearing and perhaps hating him. It further says it is evident that a plot is on foot in the riding to undermine Mr. McCarthy's popularity and usefulness, and that this plot originated not there but in the higher councils of the party. A convention is to be held at Stayner some time this month, at which Mr. McCarthy will give his views on the political questions of the day.

A delegation of three Congregational clergymen waited on the Toronto Presbytery and made overtures looking to union between the Presbyterian and Congregational churches in Canada. Rev. John Burton read a paper pointing out the growing approximation of the two churches, their ecclesiastical and doctrinal resemblances and the advisability of union, this being, he said, proffered by ten influential clergymen of the Congregational church. They were acting individually and not representatively. The reception given to the representation was hearty. Rev. Principal Caven spoke in favor of union in general terms and highly approved the suggestion of a conference. Rev. D. J. MacDonnell was cordial in his approval, pointing out that a conference would commit neither party definitely to anything, while it would clear the way for future negotiations. A motion that the Presbytery thank the gentlemen for their appearance and agreeing to a conference at whatever time and place might be convenient was carried.

For beauty, for comfort, for improvement of the complexion, use only *Pozzoni's Powder;* there is nothing equal to it.

The largest harbor, and nearest point to the Orient is Alberni. *

The Socialists in Alsace-Lorraine.

Liebknecht, the German Socialist leader, excited immense enthusiasm by declaring that French and German Socialists knew no other enemy but the middle classes. When Germany was a Social and Democratic Republic the question of Alsace-Lorraine would be got rid of, and peace would exist between the peoples. Interviewed afterward, he is said to have suggested the cession of the disputed provinces to Switzerland. As for war, if France attacked Germany it would be treachery for the German Socialists not to defend their Fatherland. But if the middle classes in Germany began a war of aggression against France, the German Socialists would revolt. They will have no need to resort to such a drastic measure if Herr Liebknecht is right, for he predicted the speedy triumph of the Social Democrats. We shall gain a million votes, he said, lead two and a half millions to the poll, and secure fifty deputies in the Reichstag. It is evident, however, from his frank expression of disgust at the way in which the French are courting the Czar, that the brotherhood of the Franco-German Socialists is hardly skin deep.—From the "Progress of the World," November Review of Reviews.

ROMAN CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

Certain Notable Departures from Ancient Usage to be Tolerated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The individual and collective opinion of the bishops of the United States on the school question has caused much discussion. Each of the 79 bishops will send in writing to his holiness, within the present month, answers to and comments upon each of the famous fourteen propositions submitted by Satolli at the recent archbishops' conference. These answers will be referred to a committee of cardinals in Rome, who will submit it to the holy see.

The complete list of propositions sent to the bishops contains the entire series read by Monsignor Satolli before the conference of archbishops held in this city in November last. Thus far only parts of nine of the separate questions for discussion have been made public, the first five having been withheld. These are the propositions hitherto suppressed:—

"All care must be taken to erect Roman Catholic schools, to enlarge and improve those already established and to make them equal to the public schools in teaching and in discipline. When there is no Roman Catholic school at all, or when the one that is available is little fitted for giving the children an education in keeping with their condition, then the public schools may be attended with a safe conscience. We enact a command that no one shall be allowed to teach in a parochial school who has not proved his fitness for the position by previous examination. No priest shall have right to employ any teacher, male or female, in his school without a certificate of ability or a diploma from the diocesan board of examiners of North America. Schools are to be established where they are wanting or are evidently necessary. We strictly forbid anyone, whether bishop or priest, and this is the expressed proposition of the sovereign pontiff, either by act or threat to exclude from the sacraments as unworthy, parents who choose to send their children to the public schools. As regards the children themselves, the enactment applies with still greater force."

ISRAEL RETURNING.

The Bright Prospects Before the Jews of the 20th Century.

There are now over 100,000 Jews in the Holy Land. The Jewish population there at present is larger than it has been at any other time since the end of the first century of the Christian era. Nearly four-fifths of them have all gone thither from other countries within the past few years, and they have been going thither this year more steadily than ever before. In former times only a small number of Jews were permitted to live in the country; but the restrictions upon their settlement in it and upon their ownership of land have been removed, and they are now at liberty to repeople it and take possession of it. The number of Jews who have returned to Palestine during the dozen years in which they have been free to enter, has been greater than the number who returned after the Babylonian captivity twenty-four centuries ago.

In the city of Jerusalem itself, according to a report of the British Consul there, the Jewish population is now fully 40,000; and a large part of the real estate in and around the city is in Jewish hands. The number of synagogues, schools of learning, hospitals, and other public institutions is constantly increasing; the water supply has been improved; new streets have been opened beyond the walls; telegraphs and electric lights have been introduced; several factories have been set up, and the new railway to Jaffa has already stimulated the activity of the population in various ways. "Palestine will soon be ready for the Jewish race," says the Rev. Dr. Kelt, of the Episcopal Church of Jerusalem, in a letter to the London Times.

The reports from the northern parts of Palestine are favorable. There is activity at Acre and along the route to Damascus. The wheat raisers there are rejoicing in the prospect of finding markets for their crops; so are the raisers of olives and other fruits. The soil in that region is well adapted to the growth of cotton.

A number of important public works have been undertaken in various parts of the country between the river Jordan and the Mediterranean; and we hear of yet other projects in which the Hebrew capitalists of England and France are prepared to invest all the money that may be needed.

It will undoubtedly take a long time to regenerate Palestine; but we infer from the news received from Jerusalem that the work of regeneration has been begun. It must take a good many years to give the predominance to the Jewish element in Palestine; but if the number of Jews there should increase for the next ten years at the rate at which it has increased during the past ten years, the Jewish population in the Holy Land will run over a million very soon after the opening of the twentieth century.

Alberni, the future centre of commerce *

Phœnix Lager Beer.

MAXIM'S NEW AIR SHIP,

Will the Energetic American Inventor Solve the Problem?

Twenty-four centuries have passed since the time when old Daedalus made waxen wings that his son might steer hight through the aerial ocean, and today men's minds are still occupied with the problem which the old Greek attempted to solve in the ineffective childlike fashion of the early world. He had the wings born of his imagination to give, and being no more substantial than wax they melted in the hot, strong sunlight of fact.

Hiram S. Maxim, the Daedalus of this iron age, this scientific fact-loving nineteenth century, is working at the problem in a practical fashion. He has brought to bear on the construction of his aerial machine all the wisdom of all the ages to which he is heir, and his attempt suggests success.

That man can sustain himself by his own unaided strength on calm air is apparently impossible, but why should he not pass as rapidly and skilfully over air as the expert skater does over thin ice?

Mr. Maxim's aeroplane or aerial ship, now building in England, displays great propelling power, and is the result of the nicest calculation.

He had to consider—How much power is required to perform mechanical flight? What form of machine will require the least power? Should the aeroplane have a screw propeller? Will such a propeller grip the air with sufficient strength? How shall the machine be steered both in a vertical and horizontal direction?

He then had to solve the further difficulty of safely testing his aeroplane when it was made. "The weight as it relates to the surface," he says, "can be adjusted by running the machine on a railway track at full speed, secured to the track by heavy wheels, and then observing the lift on each of the four wheels. All adjustments may be made on a railway track."

Large horizontal rudders are used for changing the speed of the engines.

"An aeroplane," Mr. Maxim declares, "will lift fourteen times the push it receives from the screw."

The first experiments were made with a small machine attached to a long and light revolving arm, and carrying a load of about 50 pounds.

Now experiments are being tried on a straight railway track, and for weight carried we must read tons instead of pounds. A distinct advance, this. Mr. Mr. Maxim, in attempting to reach the clouds, is in good company. Edison and Professor Langley are at work. The Czar is said to have spent a million rouble, for an aerial war ship would be an important addition to his forces for battle.

A Commune Sunday in Paris.

On the morning of the 21st I left St. Denis by road, and walked straight into Paris without hindrance. The national guards of La Chapelle were turning out for service as I passed through, and there seemed nothing to find fault with in either their appearance or conduct. Certainly there was no unwillingness apparent, but the reverse. Paris I found very somber, but perfectly quiet and orderly. It was the Sabbath morning, but no church bells filled the air with their music. It was with a far different and more discordant sound that the air throbbed on this bright spring morning—the distant roar of the Versaillist batteries on the west and southwest of the enceinte. "That is Issy which gives," quietly remarked to me the old lady in the kiosk at the corner of the Place de l'Opera, as she sold me a rag dated the 22nd and printed the 20th. I asked her how she could distinguish the sound of the Issy cannon from those in the batteries of the Bois de Boulogne. "Remember," she replied, "I have been listening now for many days to that delectable bicker, and have become a connoisseur. The Issy gun-fire comes sharper and clearer, because the fort stands high and nothing intervenes. The reports from the cannon in the Bois get broken up for one thing by the tree trunks, and then the sound has to climb over the enceinte, the railway viaduct, and the hill of Passy." She spoke as calmly as if she had been talking of the weather; and it seemed to me, indeed, that all the few people who were about shared the good lady's nonchalance. Certainly there seemed nowhere any indication of apprehension that the Versaillist hand was to be on the Communist throat before the going down of that Sabbath sun.—Archibald Forbes in October Century.

Major Max's Snake Story.

"I don't see why it is," said Major Max, "that when a man begins talking or writing about snakes all the truth in him seems to congeal."

"It may be," Mrs. Max suggested, as she passed back the filled cup, "that the horror of the subject freezes his blood—freezes his blood and everything, don't you know."

"Possibly, and very clever, too, my dear. Now, I remember when I went to South America to visit Bob—Bob Billings of my class, you know, who went into cattle raising there—that a really extraordinary thing occurred there. We were out one day, Bob and I, where the vaqueros were branding, when along came a boa—I think it was a boa, or something like that—in evident pain and distress. Well, my dear, would you believe it? It was to be seen at a glance that the monster snake had swallowed a steer and the horns were hurting it. What did that dare-devil of a Bob do but rush up to that boa—if it was a boa—and cut it open, when out walked the steer."

"But wait till you hear the rest of the story. Bob took a lasso and sort of stitched that snake up, and it crawled off with a real smile of satisfaction. Imagine our astonishment when every day after that that grateful boa would come crawling into camp with a stray calf it had swallowed, for the sake of rescuing it for Bob, and we'd just unlace that lasso and corral the calf."

"Most extraordinary," said Mrs. Max.

"That's what I say," argued the Major. "I don't see why people go into romance so about snakes when the truth is strange enough."

"But is it really true, Major?"

"True, my dear! To be sure, you have never seen Bob; but you've seen his portrait in that class picture in my study."

"That's really so," assented Mrs. Max, in the tone of absolute conviction.

Too Big for a Little Boy.

We had been invited to join a company who were to make the trial on a small steam yacht built for the use of one of our government inspectors. We were well under weigh when the young man who was engineer determined to play a joke on the small boy who was with us.

Just as the little fellow was about to take a drink of water from the large tin dipper, which had been provided for use rather than ornament on the boat, the man at the throttle pulled a rope which blew the whistle.

The boy dropped the dipper and ran crying to his mother.

"Why, Howard," she said, "you are surely not afraid of a whistle?"

"No," he yelled, "but that is too big a whistle for such a little boy."

Miss Precision's Explanation.

I was spending a week or two at a quiet but delightful country boarding house, at which there were about a dozen guests, all exceedingly nice people. Among them was a very "superior" young miss of 17, who had just been graduated at a certain college of renown, and she was too utterly precise and proper for anything! She was especially strong on words and their uses, and a mispronunciation made her nervous for an hour.

One evening at supper we all began telling jokes and asking conundrums. When my turn came I launched that old, but really good question about the barber and the sculptor.

"What is the difference," said I, "between the death of a barber and the death of a sculptor?"

Strange to say it passed around the table with no "takers," and I had to give the answer myself.

"One curls up and dyes, and the other makes faces and busts."

Miss Precision stared at me blankly for a second or two and then turned to her nearest neighbor with this delightful explanation of the joke:

"Oh, yes, one curls up and dies and the other makes faces and bursts!"

A Miraculous Escape.

Several gentlemen were sitting around the hotel fire telling stories of hair-breadth escapes, some of which partook of the marvelous, and, after hearing them all take a turn, the quiet man spoke as follows:

"Once, in the early '70s, I was hauling a load of freight to San Angelo, Tex., and I remember that I stopped one evening to camp in a deep ravine, just after I had crossed the Colorado River.

"I was driving a 'trail wagon' and was using eight mules, and just as I had unhitched my team I heard a roaring noise, and looking up I saw a 'water spout' coming down the ravine, and about the time I looked it broke, filling the ravine with a raging torrent about ten feet deep, which came rushing toward me in solid wall of angry, 'brick-colored' water. I hurried to hitch up my team and succeeded in doing so, and in fact got them turned around and started down the ravine at a sweeping gallop, and might have outrun the 'water spout' but the front axle of my forward wagon broke, and while I was trying to cut the horses loose the flood overtook me.

"I expected to be drowned, of course, but, strange to say, as the water struck my hindermost wagon it subsided, as if by magic.

"I thought at first that I had been saved by direct providential interposition, but such was not the case, gentlemen. I was hauling out supplies for a new insurance company at Angelo, and my hindermost wagon was loaded with blotting paper."

Different Now.

Von Blumer—You don't crease your trowsers any more, do you?

Van Winkle—No. I gave it up. Couldn't make them stay.

Von Blumer—That's strange; you never used to have that trouble.

Van Winkle—No. But I am engaged now.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Very Familiar.

Father—Does that young man mean business?

Daughter—I guess he does father. He is getting so familiar now that he wears the same necktie twice in succession.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Mrs. Sarah Muir
Of Minneapolis.

For Women

Hood's Sarsaparilla is Especially Adapted to Cure Difficulties Peculiar to the Sex

The restoring and invigorating properties of Hood's Sarsaparilla, combined with its power to vitalize and enrich the blood, render it peculiarly adapted for all troubles peculiar to women—that tired feeling, or debility caused by change of season, climate or life. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished very gratifying results in many cases. Read the following:

"I was for a long time a sufferer from

Female Weakness

and tried many remedies and physicians, to no good pupose. One day I read one of the Hood's Sarsaparilla books, and thought I would try a bottle of the medicine. It made so great a difference in my condition that I took three bottles more and found myself **perfectly well.** I have also given

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to the children, and find that it keeps them in good health. I am willing that this shall be used for the benefit of others." MRS. SARAH MUIR, 308 16th av., So. Minneapolis, Minn.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

C. P. N. Co., LD., STEAMER

RAINBOW,

MEYER, MASTER,
Will leave from Rithet's Inner Wharf for

Port Simpson and Way Ports

MONDAY, JAN. 16th,
at 6 o'clock p.m.

FARE, - $7.50.

For freight and passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

ja9-td

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

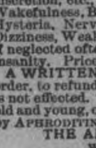
Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

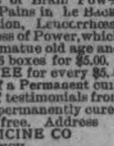
MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.



Is SOLD ON A **POSITIVE GUARANTEE** to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of



BEFORE AFTER

Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhoea, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

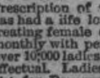
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglasstreets, au29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-ly



Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose post age for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria.

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TRADE MARK

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only *non-poisonous* remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.

The Universal American Cure.

Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.,
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.

PRICE $1.00

CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

A lady, who, by the way, is the wife of an M.P. in one our B. C. cities, said to our manufacturing chemist a few days ago: "What first attracted my attention to Cubb's Cough Cure was the novel claim that it is ANTISEPTIC. I thought if this is really the case it must be a good medicine. I bought a bottle and found it all that is claimed for it. My husband who has been troubled with a severe bronchial cough for a long time, used it with the most surprising results."

The name of the above lady is on file in our office with many more equally reliable.

Our dealers report the sales of Cubb's Cough Cure for the month of November, far in excess of any other cough mixture. This is because it is the only ANTISEPTIC REMEDY in the market.

Cubb's Cough Cure is made only by

THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it.

Wholesale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B. C., or address
THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
del1 6mcod Agents for B. C.

NOTICE.

Any person afflicted with

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Toothache, Hollow Tooth, Weak or inflamed Eyes or Eyelids, Internal Pain or Nasal Catarrh, apply for relief to

PROFESSOR TOTTENHAM,
Dominion Hotel, Victoria, B. C.

Neuralgia cures in 5 or 10 minutes.

My Agents are:—C. E. Jones, Druggist, 38 Government Street, Thos. Shotbolt Druggist, Johnson Street. oc6-lf

HOTELS.

New Telegraph HOTEL.

Having Leased the New Telegraph Hotel, Store Street, and furnished it anew, it will be opened for the accommodation of the public on the 25th inst.

ACCOMMODATION FOR 100 GUESTS.

This Hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor.

TERMS, from $1 to $2 per Day.

JONATHAN MERRIFIELD.
as7-tf

The Management of the

HOTEL VICTORIA

Is now prepared to accept Boarders, with or without rooms, at Reduced Prices for the Winter months. Tariff of Rates on application.

The cuisine acknowledged to be the best in the City.

P. T. PATTON,
de 23-tf PROPRIETOR

New England Bakery.

116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.

The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is

Now Open Day and Night

AT THE OLD STAND.

THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.

YOUNG BROS.

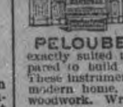
B. C. Board of Trade Building

OFFICES TO LET.

The Directors are prepared to receive applications for offices in the new Board of Trade Building, on Bastion Street. Responsible parties can secure on leases more than one suite of offices, with privilege of sub-letting. The offices are heated and conveniently arranged, singly and in suites of two and three rooms, having fire-proof vaults, electric light, gas fixtures and other modern conveniences. Special attention has been given to the sanitary arrangements. For further particulars and plans apply at No. 80 Wharf St., to

F. ELWORTHY,
de29-1m Secretary pro. tem.

CHURCH ORGANS.



The list of Churches using our Organs will prove to your satisfaction that we furnish the **BEST** for the **least money.** Prices from **$300** to **$3,000.** If you will state the seating capacity of your church or hall, we will send—(free)—complete specifications of a

PELOUBET CHURCH ORGAN,

exactly suited to your needs. We are also prepared to build Church Organs for residences.—These instruments are the crowning feature of a modern home. We build in style to match the woodwork. Write for designs and prices.

LYON & HEALY,
State and Monroe Sts. CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Our factories produce upward of 100,000 musical instruments annually.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land orty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
m29-tf 55 Third street Victoria

Local Improvement Assessment--- Rockland Avenue and Oak Bay Avenue.

Notice is hereby given that the Reports of the City Engineer and Assessor, which have been adopted by the Council, are open for inspection, at the City Assessor's Office, Douglas Street.

Any person objecting to the proposed improvements can sign and present to the Council a petition against either of them, at any time within 15 days of the first publication of this notice.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., Dec. 28th, 1892.

Dr. McKechnie

Will attend to Dr. Hall's patients during his absence.

Victoria, Dec. 24. dm

B. Williams & Co., CLOTHIERS & HATTERS, 97 Johnson St.

See our FALL STOCK of Macintoshes, Melissa and Rigby Waterproofs.
UMBRELLAS, OVERCOATS, SUITS, ETC.

Boys' and Men's SCOTCH TWEED SUITS a Specialty. Good Values. Low Prices.

MEN OF SUPERB NERVE.

They Fought the Duel That Break's the World's Record.

"I have been among the western cowboys for twelve years," said J. A. Brewster, of Salida, Col., "and have seen their nerve put to the severest test, but I didn't know the human family produced men who would not be made to flinch in the face of certain death until three weeks ago.

"I took an outfit for a round-up in Western Kansas. In the party were Joe Dillard and Bud Powell. The latter was a hurly-burly, loud-mouthed, devil-may-care sort of a man who had been in frontier brawls innumerable, and who in his time had perhaps 'shot out' almost as many lights, just for the fun of the thing, as are now blazing in this city to-night. Dillard, however, was a very different order of man. He was so quiet and demure as to be an enigma to the rollicking roysterers of the little western towns and settlements. He was never known to use an oath, and so far as any of us knew he didn't know the taste of liquor. He was from somewhere in the east, and that he had a 'history' was the unanimous verdict of all of us. But there was something in his manner that said plainer than words that he wouldn't do to fool with.

"While our outfit were in camp south of Dodge City Powell got noisy drunk one evening and seemed bent on provoking Dillard's ire. Dillard took his chafing good-naturedly, which only had the effect of causing Powell to become more annoying and brutal in his persistent flings. At the supper table Powell walked up behind Dillard and emptied a cup of coffee down his back. Dillard sprang from his stool like a frenzied tiger. His eyes flashed fire and his frame quivered with anger. 'I ought to shoot you down like a dog,' he said, 'but I will give you a chance for your life. Meet me at sun-up to-morrow morning with your Winchester and we will fight it out at fifty paces.' There was a deadly determination in his voice that sent a shudder round the supper table, and Powell, though maudlin drunk, blanched white as a sheet. The silence that brooded over the camp that night was awful. I tried to reason with Dillard, but he was immovable. He had made up his mind to kill Powell, and he was going to do it or die in the attempt. Both men went quietly to their cots at 8 o'clock and were sound asleep in a half hour. I had a fitful night of it.

"Well, to cut a long story short, they met they met the next morning, each with a repeating Winchester. Dillard stepped off the fifty paces, and as he turned firing was to begin. Seven shots each were fired, the men advancing on each other at each shot. When they were separated by about only ten feet they both dropped to the ground. Powell was dead, and Dillard was breathing his last. Two of Powell's bullets had plowed through Dillard's right cheek, one had pierced the left ear, three others had lodged in his shoulder and the seventh penetrated the brain. A yard stick suspended straight from Powell's heart would have covered every one of the seven bullet holes in his body, showing Dillard's desperate determination and cool aim. He had intended to hit him in the heart, and his last shot did it. I don't think the world will ever know another such duel, because I don't believe there are any two men with the nerve of Dillard and Powell, who were so unlike in outward character, and yet so alike in leonic bravery."—St. Louis Chronicle.

Cowards When in the Dark.

"It has been said that all men are cowards in the dark," remarked Peyton Truitt, when called upon by the Story Teller's Club of the Laclede to "do his turn." "I am half inclined to believe the saying true. I was in the British army when a young man, and was stationed for some time in India. Our colonel, an old campaigner who had won his spurs in the crimea, became involved in a difficulty with a fellow officer who was 'well nigh damned with a wife,' and a duel was the result. The colonel, being the challenged party, selected pistols for the weapons and elected that the affair should occur in a dark room. We secured a room twenty feet square, closed every crevice that would admit light, placed our men in corners diagonally opposite and withdrew. Each man was provided with three charges, and when these were exhausted we rushed in to gather up the mutilated remains. Each man stood erect and soldier-like in this corner untouched, but directly behind the head of the aggrieved husband were the three bullet holes made by the colonel's pistol. 'How is this?' said a grizzled old major. 'Had you been standing here when these shots were fired you would have been killed.' The culprit was compelled to admit that he had dropped on one knee. 'You are a coward, sir, and unfit for the company of soldiers and gentlemen,' snorted the major. 'Hold on, major,' said the colonel. 'It is a stand-off. While he was on his knees in one corner I was on my stomach in the other.'"—Globe-Democrat.

A Dexterous Throw of a Lasso.

"The prettiest throw of a lasso I ever saw was down in New Mexico last summer," said D. C. Smith, a Western cattleman, to a New York Tribune reporter. "I had gone out to look at a bunch of cattle I thought of buying, and was standing in front of the owner's house discussing the proposed trade. A two-year-old child was playing about the lawn, when suddenly it clapped its hands and cried out as though highly elated. I turned my head and saw, to my horror, that it was amusing itself with a monster rattlesnake that had just coiled to strike. It was shooting its forked tongue out almost into the face of the child, and it was this action that so pleased the little one. At my side stood a Mexican cowboy with a lasso on his arm. Quick as a flash it went whizzing through the air and closed around the neck of the serpent just as it drew its head back for the fatal stroke. The father of the child nodded his head, remarked that it was a capital throw, and resumed our discussion with imperturbable gravity. Your Mexican is nothing if not stoical. It is the result of his Indian blood."

The Advertising

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is always within the bounds of reason because it is true; it always appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements, which in the financial world would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend **Hood's Pills.**

They Carried Traitors.

After all the San Francisco customs officers have succeeded in building up a strong case against the steam schooner Louis Olsen and her crew. Five of the crew have turned state's evidence. James H. Wells, the only one of the five put on the stand at the preliminary hearing, testified that 35 Chinese and a box supposed to contain a ton of opium, were taken aboard at Barclay Sound. On his evidence William Olsen, owner; T. C. Seering, master; David O'Brien, mate; Henry Topel, chief engineer, and A. Lupp, second engineer were held to await the action of the grand jury.

A BRIGHT WOMAN.

Edna Lyall Lives Quietly in an English Coast Town.

Ladies' Home Journal.]

The young authoress of "Donovan" and "We Two" is one of the veiled personalities of literary England. She lives at one of the smaller south coast towns, seldom comes to London, and is never seen in that world of fashion and pleasure where most Americans pass the time of their visits to the mother country. During the last few years there have been few books more discussed in the drawing-room and at the dinner-table than those published in the name of Edna Lyall, and very interesting, and sometimes very amusing, has it been to hear the different ideas that some of their readers have formed of her personal characteristics. It need hardly be said that in most cases the imaginary Edna Lyall was in sharp contrast to the real Edna Lyall.

In thinking of Edna Lyall, the imagination of one of her London friends takes him sixty miles from London to an old-fashioned house in the pretty town of Eastbourne. The house seems old-fashioned, yet like most of the residences in Eastbourne, it must have been built within the last twenty or thirty years. It is built of dark red brick in the Gothic style, and is ivy-covered, and having a quaint porch with an oval-shaped door has a venerable aspect that age has not earned. The roadway is studded with mountain ash trees. Eastbourne is famous for its umbrageous thoroughfares, and the house is half-hidden by foliage from its neighbors, as well as from passers-by.

The house is that of a clergyman, as its semi-ecclesiastical appearance might well suggest, who married Edna Lyall's elder sister. The Rev. Mr. Jameson is curate of St. Savior's church, the principal edifice of the Established Church of Eastbourne, to which the authoress presented a peal of bells which were purchased with the revenue from the publication of "Donovan." From the windows of her room on the upper story of her house Edna Lyall can almost see the church, and the music of the bells sometimes gives its message to her ears as she writes. In this room were written, "In the Golden Days," "A Hardy Norseman," "Knight Errant," and "The Autobiography of a Slander."

The authoress herself is now pale and worn with an illness that has quite suspended any literary work since the publication of "A Hardy Norseman." The eyes have lost a little of their luster and the cheeks the color they once possessed. The slight form is somewhat thinner, and the hand that clasps yours instinctively tells of much suffering. But a bright smile is coupled with the assurance of convalescence, and the voice, at first weak and low, gathers intonation and quiet force when the talk is on some stirring topic. Like Charlotte Bronte's heroine, Ada Ellen Bayley (the pseudonym, you see, is only a transposition of some of the letters in her baptismal name), has no beauty beyond that intellectual beauty to which Shelley wrote his well-known hymn. The face is small and of uneven formation, the broad forehead having a suggestion of the masculine that is scouted by the sweet and sympathetic expression of the eyes. The brown hair would be beautiful were it not cut short and arranged with an almost severe simplicity. She usually dresses in a close-fitting garment of some plain material. Edna Lyall owes really all her charm to her sympathetic presence, if I may be pardoned the expression, her spiritual earnestness and tender feeling. Pity is one of her predominant qualities; there always seems to be an undercurrent of sadness in her character at the misery and woe in the world around her.

A New Lease of Life.

Given to sufferers from Asthma by using Schiffmann's Asthma Cure. It instantly relieves the most violent attack, insures comfortable sleep and effects cures where others fail. Ask any druggist. Trial package free.

A Fine Instrument.

Russell, McDonald & Co., have the best twelve air musical box, with bell, drum and zither accompaniment we have ever seen. It plays every afternoon during their annual dry goods sale which they are now holding. *

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound.—Lenz & Leiser, Carne & Munsie, E B Marvin & Co, H Saunders, Fell & Co, S Leiser, Taylor Mill Co.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—H Bay Co, Union Col Co, McL & McF, Rev R T Roberts, Rev S A Leakey, Lenz & Leiser, R Ward & Co, Langley & Co, Vict Brg & Ice Co, Thos Earle, N Storekeeper, Jno Barnsley, Albion Iron Works, Brackman & K, Delmonico Hotel, Mrs Connors, H Saunders, Fell & Co, W G McKenzie, Wilson Bros, W Lindsay, Ames Holden Co, Turner B & Co, H Mansell, J H Baker, J Earsman, J F Heath, A B Gray, R McDonald, W H Redmond, Simon Leiser, R T Williams, C Strouss, G Phillips, J Piercy, J H Todd, S H E F Co, Quintard & P, J Johnston, G H Morden, W J Dwyer, Johns Bros, D Spencer, Weiler Bros, Munroe Miller, S H Riggs, A S McKenzie, W J Parker, B Gordon, Cal Wine Co, P J Patton, Ramsay Bros, J McLeod, Martin & Robertson, A Cohen, Dom Exp Co.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office. *

It's the Star Almanac of Montreal that takes the palm for popularity. It is immense.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Balance Sheet, 31st December, 1892.

ASSETS.

SINKING FUNDS

Water Works Loan By-Law, 1873	$ 55,645 75	
Water Works Amendment Act, 1875	40 18 45	
Water Works Loan By-Law, 1877	2,550 65	
Corporation By-Law, 1878	12,159 00	
Public Light " 1885	4,597 00	
Drainage " 1885	1,440 00	
Water Works " 1886	10,218 70	
Streets & Bridge " 1886	2,901 00	
Johnson st Sewer " 1888	1,678 75	
Water Works " " 1885	1,122 00	
Streets, Bridges and Cemetery By-Law, 1889	2,382 45	
Water Works $70,000 By-Law, 1889	4,445 60	
Water Works $60,000 By-Law, 1889	3,813 65	
Pleasure Grounds By-Law, 1889	1,587 75	
Fire Department By-Law, 1889	930 25	
Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889	764 00	
City Hall Addition By-By Law, 1890	2,288 85	
Cemetery By-Law, 1890	816 35	
Sewerage " 1890	5,428 65	
Public Market Site By-Law, 1890	814 55	
Public Market Buildings By-Law, 1890	995 00	
Crematory By-Law, 1890	429 00	
Agricultural Association By-Law, 1891	687 30	
Loan City of Victoria Act, 1892	2,312 30	
	167,670 00	

Municipal Taxes outstanding—		
Land and Improvement tax	$ 29,588 90	
Trades Licenses	1,177 50	
Fire insurance tax	1,550 00	
Water rents	9,920 00	
Market rents	125 75	
	$ 42 362 15	
B.C. Land and Investment Agency,—Loan City of Victoria Act, 1892	$ 353 27	
Broad St. Improvement	1,445 10	
Home for Aged	40 76	
	1,839 13	
B.C. Corporation, Limited, Crematory Loan	10,410 40	
J. Gosnell, Weighing Machine Fees	59 98	
A. McBean, for Pipes	1,477 95	
Bank B. N. America—		
General Account	$ 1,375 35	
City Victoria Act, 1892	3,014 43	
Sewerage Loan 1890	$ 35 90	
Sewerage Deposit Account	18,768 56—18,804 46	
Street Loan By-Law, 1892	12,222 77	
Contract Deposit Acct	4,161 10	
	39,813 11	
Cash on hand	63 35	
Corporation of the City of Victoria, being excess of Liabilities over Assets	1,185,392 48	
	$1,449,293 55	

(E. O. E.)
January 6, 1893.
Certified correct,
JAMES L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

LIABILITIES.

LOANS.

Water Works Loan, 1873	$ 92,800 00
" " 1875	50,000 00
" " 1877	20,000 00
Corporation " 1878	20,000 00
Public Lighting " 1885	16,000 00
Drainage " 1885	5,000 00
Water Works " 1886	75,000 00
Streets & Bridges " 1886	50,000 00
Johnson st Sewer " 1888	30,000 00
Water Works " 1888	25,000 00
Streets, Bridges, & Cemetery Loan, 1889	45,000 00
Water Works Loan, 1889	60,000 00
" " 1889	70,000 00
Pleasure Ground Loan, 1889	25,000 00
Fire department Loan, 1889	15,000 00
Flour Mill Bonus Loan, 1889	10,000 00
City Hall Addition Loan, 1890	35,000 00
Cemetery Loan, 1890	12,500 00
Sewerage Loan, 1890	300,000 00
Public Market Site Loan, 1890	15,000 00
Public Market Buildings Loan, 1890	55,000 00
Crematory Loan, 1890	10,000 00
Agricultural Association Loan, 1891	25,000 00
City of Victoria Act Loan, 1892	182,000 00
Street Loan By-law, 1892	25,000 00
	$1,293,000 00
Water Works Current Account	150,190 16
Deposits for use of Streets	330 00
Home for Aged and Infirm, Permanent Building Fund	40 76
Contract Deposit Account	4,376 60
Unclaimed Wages	54 34
Tax Sale Redemption Account	37 87
Outstanding Accounts	1,264 42
	$1,449,293 55

CHARLES KENT, Treasurer.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

1892.

RECEIPTS.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1892.

Land and improvement tax	$219,672 73	
Water rents and rates	54,840 66	
Trades licenses	22,201 50	
Liquor	15,985 00	
Revenue tax	11,151 00	
" from Provincial Government	5,937 00	
Gravel pits sale by-law	9,756 04	
Fire insurance tax	9,100 00	
Police court fines and fees	6,683 95	
Road tax	3,498 00	
Cemetery fees	2,730 30	
Refund from Provincial Government under sec. 109, Municipal Act, 1892	1,674 42	
Dog tax	508 70	
Pound fees	644 25	
Provincial Goverament in aid of fire department	1,000 00	
Market fees and rents	1,625 06	
Miscellaneous	5,223 97	
Interest on investment of sinking funds	5,576 36	
	$377,903 94	

E. E.
City Hall,
Victoria, B. C., January 6th, 1893.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.
Certified correct.
JAMES L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

EXPENDITURE.

Summary of Expenditure from 1st January to 31st December, 1892.

I. City debt	$ 83,207 75
II. Civic salaries	73,448 03
III. City institutions (maintenance)	129,459 74
IV. Education	23,733 58
V. Municipal council	3,800 00
VI. Buildings and surveys	3,286 38
VII. Streets, bridges and sidewalks	30,800 53
VIII. Miscellaneous expenditure	28,926 01
	$376,662 02

E. E.
City Hall,
Victoria, B. C., 6th January, 1893.
Certified Correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
C. S. KENT, Treasurer

DETAILED EXPENDITURE.

Statement Showing the Expenditure for 1892, as brought to Account in the Treasury of the City of Victoria, from 1st January to 31st December, 1892.

I. City Debt—		
Interest on debentures	$ 51,507 90	
" under annual loan by-law, 1892	2,448 62	
	$ 53,956 52	
Brokerage and exchange	149 39	
Payments to sinking funds	23,525 48	
Interest accrued from the investment of sinking fund	5,576 36	
	29,101 84	
	83,207 75	
II. Civic Salaries—		
Treasurer's office	$ 5,155 04	
City clerk's "	2,671 67	
Assessor's "	2,760 00	
Janitor	770 00	
Temporary assistance all departments	319 00	
	11,675 61	
Water Works	4,910 00	
Public works	8,169 01	
Board of health	1,800 00	
Police	23,467 43	
Fire department	12,602 05	
Library	1,115 00	

Expenditure continued.

Pound	928 83	
Home for aged and infirm	600 00	
Market	960 00	
Street Lighting	4,537 35	
Cemetery	1,244 00	
Park	1,438 65	
	73,448 03	
III. City Institutions (maintenance)—		
Water works	45,743 08	
Cemetery	216 81	
	45,959 89	
Board of Health, lepers	994 10	
" " general	59,102 01	
	60,096 11	
Park	565 48	
Police—		
Clothing	1,803 56	
Keep of prisoners	3,041 15	
Inquests, lunatics, etc	515 50	
Hacks and express	122 25	
Interpreter	64 50	
Washing	17 00	
Sundries	148 10	
	5,742 00	
Library	65 00	
Fire Department—		
Feed for horses	1,353 28	
Shoeing and blacksmithing	252 87	
Repairs	474 60	
Hardware, oil, etc	473 79	
Medical services, horses	65 85	
Insulated wire	131 00	
Hydrants	600 00	
Chemical engine	2,740 00	
Harness and clothing	371 86	
Fire alarm service	474 00	
Furniture and bedding	139 05	
Scavenger	29 50	
Couplings, nozzles, etc	196 28	
Freight	53 30	
Express hire	6 75	
One horse	300 00	
Fuel	458 00	
	8,124 43	
Pound	147 72	
Street lighting	4,490 66	
Home for aged and infirm	3,247 88	
Market	1,020 57	
	$129,459 74	
IV.—Education—		
Provincial Government	14,130 00	
Board of school trustees	9,603 58	
	$ 23,733 58	
V.—Municipal Council—		
Mayor and aldermen	3,800 00	
VI.—Buildings and surveys—		
City Hall repairs	359 85	
Market property	1,223 05	
Fire halls	610 94	
Furniture	396 67	
Defining streets and city boundar's	695 87	
	$ 3,286 39	
VII.—Streets, Bridges & Sidewalks—		
For all purposes	30,800 53	
VIII.—Miscellaneous—		
Advertising and printing	5,153 18	
Stationery	905 61	
Postage	413 10	
Telegrams	75 05	
Telephone service	1,200 15	
Fuel and light	2,210 00	
Hacks and express	291 75	
Fire insurance	241 50	
Commission on collections	158 10	
Legal expenses	2,170 15	
Refund	359 81	
Charitable aid fund	511 52	
Grant to Jubilee Hospital	2,000 00	
Registrar-General re Assessment roll	382 00	
Queen's Birthday celebration	1,000 00	
Election petition, C. Williams	250 00	
Expenses local improvement by-law	332 25	
Sec. 30-B, Fairfield	9,303 47	
Miscellaneous not detailed	1,925 14	
	$ 28,926 01	

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the City of Victoria Act, 1892.

1892.		
Amount of bonds sold	$ 182,000 00	
Premium on above bonds having realized 104 net	7,280 00	
	189,280 00	
Accrued interest at 5% on above	196 24	
Difference between sales of substituted 20 year 4½% bonds of 1892 at 98½ net and advance of $85,000 on security of Market site and Market building 50 year 4% bonds of 1890	7,240 26	
	$196,716 50	

E. E.
City Hall,
Victoria, B. C.,
January 6, 1893.

Payments made under authority of sub sec. A, sec. 2, City of Victoria Act, 1892	$154,141 41
Payments made under authority of sub sec. B, sec. 2, City of Victoria Act, 1892	6,632 04
Payments made under authority of sub sec. C, sec. 2, City of Victoria Act, 1892	27,601 90
Payments made under authority of sub sec. D, sec. 2, City of Victoria Act, 1892	2,509 20
Interest on advances made before bonds were floated, Sub sec. E, sec. 2	3,014 25
Balance on hand	3,367 70
	$196,716 50

Certified Correct.
JAMES L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Street Loan By-Law, 1892.

Amount of Bonds sold	$25,000 00	Discount on Bonds	$500 00
Accrued Interest	179 58	Expenditure on streets, bridges, sidewalks, to Dec. 31, 1892	12,456 81
		Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1892	12,222 77
	$25,179 58		$25,179 58

E. E.
City Hall,
Victoria, B. C.,
January 6, 1893.
Certified Correct.
JAMES L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1890.

Jan. 1, 1892—			
Balance on hand	$114,793 04	Expenditure on sewerage works from January 1 to Dec. 31, 1892	$95,595 88
Accrued interest on above	1,949 40	do. do. do. charged to Alex. McBean	1,477 65
Pipe sold	135 85	Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1892	18,804 46
	$116,878 29		$116,878 29

E. E.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C.,
January 6, 1893.
Certified Correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Crematory By-Law, 1890.

January 1, Balance this date	9,800 00	Dec. 31, 1892, Balance on hand this date	10,410 40
Accrued Interest	610 40		
	$10,410 40		$10,410 40

Certified correct,
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

E. E.
City Hall,
Victoria, B. C.,
6th January 1893.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR,

Largest Stock of New Goods and at very Low Prices.

Fresh Importations by Every Steamer.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C

THE SAMARITAN
Lying-In-Home,
NO. 11 RAE STREET.

TERMS:—Patients, previous to confinement, $5 per week. During confinement, including medical attendance and nursing, $10 per week. Patients, with good references, who may be unable to pay will be treated free of charge. For admission apply at the Home.

— THE —
VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.
(LIMITED)
Corner Yates and Government Streets
(UPSTAIRS)
is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as
MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, LABELS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, ETC., ETC.
Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

WEILER BROS.
CHRISTMAS GOODS!
Our Immense Line Comprises
Royal Worcester Ornaments,
Doulton Ware Ornaments,
French China Novelties,
Crystal Table Glassware,
Beautiful Chairs and Rockers,
Cabinets and Writing Desks,
Down Quilts, Art Squares,
Piano Banquet & Table Lamps,
Dinner and Tea Services,
Silverware, Cutlery, and Pear Agate-ware.
CALL AND SEE OUR
Immense Show and Illumination Showrooms 51 to 55, Fort Street.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.
PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers
Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.
In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.
OFFICES
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Sayward Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.
Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.
oc22-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

To Rent.
ONE OF THE FINEST OFFICES IN THE CITY
Splendid location. On ground cor. Five Sisters Block. Large; well lighted by electricity; heated with steam. Apply at C. P. R. ticket office. je12-1m

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A good plumber with small capital, who thoroughly understands hot water and steam heating; to combine with an old established stove, tinware and hot air business. Apply, Plumber, TIMES Office. de1

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—As housemaid, or waiting on table; in private family. Address L., TIMES Office. jan11-4t

A GOOD NEEDLE WOMAN and Dressmaker wishes work by the day or week. Highly recommended. Terms reasonable. E. C., care of Mrs. Dwyer, corner North Park St. ja10-2w

A MARRIED LADY (English), who has resided in Victoria several years, desires daily teaching in a family. English, French, German, Music. Address "Hope," TIMES Office. de29-1m

A LADY desires copying, or position as clerk in a store. Apply 118 Fort St. de28-tf

WANTED—By middle aged lady, situation as housekeeper. Address, N. R., TIMES Office. de28

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT—About March 10th, a house with not less than 4 bedrooms, bath, hot and cold water and all conveniences. Careful tenant. Lease will be taken if house suitable. Rent must be moderate. Address T. H., TIMES Office.

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

LOST—Several weeks ago a lady's silk umbrella, with white fluted handle and silver mountings. Finder please leave at this office, as owner values it for other reasons than intrinsic value. de7-tf

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

FOR SALE.

HORSE AND BUGGY—Cheap; most kind, gentle, well trained and speedy horse in the city. Bray's Stables, Johnson street. ja11-3

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 173 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry District n11-tf-d-w

FOR SALE—One American leather topped buggy, single and double harness, one American Rockaway, horses, milch cows. Apply to W. J. McKeon, Oriental Hotel. ja5-1m

FOR SALE OR HIRE—A good combination safe, suitable for office or store. Apply to G. Denny, at the TIMES office. oc21-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—House with seven rooms and bath; inside W.C. Heated with hot air furnace in basement. Apply R. R. Bayne, architect, 50½ Government street. d24-eod

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for light housekeeping, at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St., James Bay. ja4-tf

$10 A MONTH—Nice detatched cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven-roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. se20tf

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan5-1y

PHYSICIANS.

REMOVAL.

DR. METHERELL,
Has removed from Victoria West and Government Street to 106 Yates Street. Telephone No. 93.

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin. Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 129 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

J. K. GARROW, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office: Rooms 16 and 17 Wilson Block, Yates St., At office from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. At residence, 85 Superior St., near corner Menzies, 9 to 10 a.m., 7 to 8 p.m. oc26

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., Edinb rgh.
Physician, Surgeon, etc. Specialty:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets.
Residence, corner Cadboro Bay road and Fernwood. au4

MRS. E. GALE,
Ladies' Nurse, from Sydney, N. S. W. Testimonials. 27 Spring Road, Spring Ridge. ja4-1m

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au11yr Secretary.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE.
Victoria Council No. 2, R. T. of T., meets every Monday night in the St. Andrew's Society Hall, Blanchard Street, at 8 p.m. Visiting members welcome.
Select Degree meets 1st Wednesday in each month. A. H. MATTHEW,
G. SUTHERLAND, S.C. ap12 R. Sec.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 E. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions duly invited. E. LaBAGLEY, Scribe E.
1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 2, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.
oc13

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
MR. W. C. WINDERBANK, Vocal Humorist, Teacher of Vocal Music. Voices trained and improved for public singing. Terms moderate. 85 Fort St. A few more members wanted to complete singing class. Satisfaction guaranteed. no1-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.C Box 50.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 134, ja18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Bell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale c22-1y

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Thunder Hill Mining Company, Ltd.

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the above Company will be held in the office of the Company, 42 Government street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 31st January, 1893, at 8 p.m.
The books will be closed for transfer of shares Tuesday, January 24th.
W. H. BAINBRIDGE,
December 31, 1892. Secretary.
jan7-m-w-s-td

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the Sixth Annual Meeting of the British Columbia Fire Insurance Co'y will be held at the Company's Office, 64 Yates Street, Victoria, on Thursday, January 19th, 1893, at four p.m., when the annual report of the company will be presented. Members of the Company are requested to attend.
December 16th, 1892.
WM. DALBY,
de17 1m Manager.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

PROF. J. OLIVER begs to announce to the public that his

Dancing Classes

Are arranged as follows: Gentlemen's class—Monday, Thursday and Saturday evenings. Social—Wednesday evening. Ladies' class—Friday evening. Those wishing to consult the Professor can do so every afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock. Private lessons if desired. Dancing Academy, 16 Broad St. ja10-1

Corrig College,
BEACON HILL PARK,
VICTORIA.
PRINCIPAL, J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
Assisted by an efficient staff of English and Scotch Graduates.

THE BOARDING DEPARTMENT re-opens Monday, January 9th, 1893.
THE ELEMENTARY AND DAY DEPARTMENTS, Tuesday, January 10th, 1893.

The Principal can be consulted at the College and new boys examined on Monday, Jan. 9th. de30-2w

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au23 tf

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stabbles

H. M. YATES,
4f Secretary.

NOTICE
To Merchants, Owners and Captains.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., Ld., is prepared to load and unload cargoes, furnish Ballast, etc. Lowest Rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

For further information as to rates, apply at office, or to JNO. IRVING,
14 Dec. 1 9°.—1m Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

THE MUSICAL EVENT
THREE NIGHTS
Commencing Tuesday, January 10

The Calhoun Opera Co.

Thursday, January 12th:
"FATINITZA."

A STRONG CAST OF PRINCIPALS:

Miss Laura Millard, Primma Donna Soprano, last year principal of the "Little Tycoon Co." Miss Julia Calhoun, Mezzo Soprano; Miss Nellie Hartley, late of the Hess Opera Co.; Miss Carolyn Maxwell, Miss Knox, Miss Beroine; Mr. Martin Pache, last season principal tenor of the Emma Juch Opera Co.; Mr. Kirkland Calhoun, Comedian; Mr. Douglas Flint, Comedian, formerly of the "Blue Beard Jr. Co.;" Mr. Frank Ringsdale, Mr. Otis Thayer, Mr. Huntington.

A grand chorus composed of voices full in tone, powerful in calibre, crisp and accurate in execution. An effective orchestra under the baton of Mr. Carl Martens, the foremost conductor of Grand and Comic Opera in America.

Reserved seats now on sale at Jamieson's. Orchestra chairs $1.50, orchestra circle and balcony $1.00, gallery 50cts.

ANNIVERSARY BALL

Knights of Pythias
At ASSEMBLY HALL, on
FRIDAY, 27th JANUARY, 1893
TICKETS, $3.00.

PHIL J. HALL,
Secretary General Committee.

B. C. Poultry, Dog and Pet Stock Association
Will hold their
ANNUAL SHOW
At Victoria, January 17th to 20th, 1893.

D. M. EBERTS, M.P.P., President. R. P. McLENNAN, Secretary.
de28

CONQUERED WITHOUT A SHOT.

Sir William Macgregor Gains the Mastery Over Rebellious Natives.

One of the best men who ever headed a colonial enterprise is William Macgregor, who was appointed first Administrator of British New Guinea four years ago. He is a man of great energy and enthusiasm, manages the natives with much tact, has an explorer's zest in the pursuit of geographical facts, and has done more than any other man to make the interior of southern New Guinea known to the world. Here is an incident that gives an insight into Sir William's way of dealing with savage tribes:

The people of the Sumai district had attacked their neighbors, the Demory tribe. A chief of the Demory tribe met the attacking party and told them that his people were friendly to the "Government," meaning Sir William and his rule, and that Sumai had better not fight his neighbors, because the Government would be sure to inflict punishment. Then the chief pointed to the shirt which he wore as being a Government shirt. The Sumai men replied that they did not care a fig for the Government or Government shirts, and one of them drew his bow and shot the unfortunate chief clean through the body, a feat which is often achieved by New Guinea bowmen.

Sir William decided that the Sumai warriors must receive a lesson in good manners. As soon as possible he landed a force in their district. He told the men that they had attacked people who were orderly and well-behaved and that they must suffer for it. He advised them to get ready to fight. They replied that they did not wish to fight. Sir William made answer that a fight was necessary in order to ascertain who was to be master in future. They would not obey the Government and now the Government intended to find out whether it could make them obey.

"My guns are loaded and ready," said Sir William; "now you get all your weapons and we will have a fight and settle the question who is master."

Sir William had brought with him quite a number of men from neighboring tribes to whom the Sumai people had boasted that if the whites came against them their heads should rot on poles in Sumai. The natives, however, had now lost their boastful vein. It was a great humiliation for them to beg for mercy in the presence of their neighbors. But they did beg most lustily. They said the Government should be master from that day and that they would always listen to its commands.

Sir William would not promise to pardon them. He told them, however, that he would not fight then, but he would return to them in three weeks to see if they had carried out the orders he was about to give them. He selected from them two men as chiefs and two men as policemen and told them they were to be his agents in seeing that the people kept at peace with their neighbors. The Sumai men had treated the teacher who had been sent among them, with contempt and neglect. Sir William told them that the church and school house, which the teacher had tried to build must be completed by the time he returned. Then he went away, and three weeks later, upon his return, he found the church and school house completed, the teacher carrying on his work under very pleasant conditions, and the people living in amity with all their neighbors. "I do not believe," says Sir William Macgregor, "that this tribe will again molest any of their neighbors." They had been conquered and the white Governor had not shed a drop of blood.

How Sir Walter Declared Himself.

It was in 1827 and at a theatrical fund dinner in Edinburgh that Sir Walter Scott declared himself to be the author of the "Waverley Novels." This is the speech he made on that occasion: "I did not expect on coming here to-day that I should have to disclose a secret. Now that it is out, however, I beg leave to observe that I am sole and undivided author of these novels. I confess I am guilty and am almost afraid to examine the extent of my delinquency. 'Look on't again I dare not.' The wand of Prospero is now broken and my book is buried."

Alberni, the richest mining district on Vancouver Island.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government Victoria, B. C.

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Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....35 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths, free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, Ld.
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance is desired.

The Daily Times.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS.

During the campaign many things have been said about the Local Improvement system, and the discussion has shown that the law is misunderstood by a good many people. Before saying anything as to the particular form in which the Local Improvement plan has been adopted here, we may point out that the residents of outlying portions of the city are most likely to be benefitted by the system. They will surely find it to their advantage, a few years from now, to be entirely freed from the expense of paving the business streets, a work that will cost much more than street improvements in the residential parts of the city. As to the advantages of the Local Improvement system in general there cannot be much doubt in the minds of those who have studied the question, but there may be considerable differences of opinion as to its detailed working.

Section 273, sub-section (1) of the Municipal Act empowers the council to pass a by-law to provide means of ascertaining and determining what real property will be immediately benefitted by any proposed improvements, the expense of which is proposed to be assessed upon the real property benefitted thereby, and of ascertaining and determining the proportions in which the assessment is to be made on the various portions of the real property so benefited. It is provided that a general by-law shall be sufficient for all such cases, and that special by-laws need not be passed for the specified purposes in each particular instance. In pursuance of this enactment, by-law No. 170 was passed by the council on the 9th September last for the purpose of carrying out the Local Improvement plan. Section 2 of this by-law provides that the council may by resolution determine and specify what work and improvements it is desirable to have carried out. The two following sections enact that the city engineer shall make out a plan of the work, estimate its expense, and determine what property will be immediately benefited by it. The engineer and assessor are then to determine the proportions in which the assessment is to be made on the property benefited. They report to the council, and their report, when approved and adopted, is to be entered in the "Local Improvement Book," a copy being also kept for public inspection.

Sub-section 4 of section 273, Municipal Act, specifies that the assessment on streets is to be according to frontage.

Sub section 20 provides that the work shall not be undertaken if the majority of the owners of real property affected, representing at least one half in value of the property, petition the council against the assessment within 15 days after the council shall have published a notice signifying its intention of making the assessment. That is to say, the initiation of all local improvement schemes lies with the council, and once set on foot a scheme goes through unless the owners of property offer sufficient opposition within the prescribed time. Not even a petition is necessary to set the council in motion, nor is the consent of the property-owners necessary to the initiation of any scheme. Under the Ontario act the procedure differs radically from ours. There it is necessary that a petition for the work shall be sent in from a majority of the property-owners, representing over half the value of the property affected, before the council can move in the matter. The proposal for the work must come from the owners, not from the council. A good many people here say that the Ontario plan is to be preferred. They hold that injustice is likely to be done under the system here, because 15 days is a short time to allow for an adverse petition being sent in. Absent owners would be counted in favor of the work, though they might be in reality opposed to it.

Another radical difference is found in the matter of appeal. Here no appeal is allowed the property owner from the judgment of the city engineer and assessor. Though in favor of the work, he might object to the proportion of the cost saddled on his property, yet he cannot have the work of the officials revised. In Ontario an appeal can be taken to the Court of Revision, as in ordinary assessments, and from the Court of Revision to the County Judge. It would make the system more acceptable to a good many if similar appeals were allowed here. It is worth while to consider whether the system should not be amended in regard to these two points of initiation and appeal.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Several communications on the civic elections were unavoidably omitted yesterday and as their publication to-day would not accomplish any good purpose they have been "pigeon-holed," like Victoria business at the departments at Ottawa, where there is no resurretcion. The votes will understand that pressure upon our columns was the only cause for he non-appearance of their contributions.

An instance of the "law's delays" peculiar to British Columbia, was brought to our notice to-day. A prominent business firm of this city brought an action against a debtor about two years ago, and having succeeded, after many postponements and adjournments, in getting it before a Supreme Court dignitary, the evidence was put in on both sides, the arguments heard and the learned justice took the matter under deliberation. This was in the spring of 1892, nine months ago, and the learned justice is still "deliberating." In all probability he will go on deliberating for a few months longer, and by that time it is not at all unlikely, judging from certain decisions given and sentences imposed, that he will have forgotten all about the case. Who will say that in the halls of justice injustice is never done?

A deputation representing the Ontario Prison Reform Association had a very satisfactory interview at Toronto with Premier Thompson, who seems to have expressed a willingness to go even beyond their wishes in the way of reforms. He told them he proposed to ask Parliament for a grant to establish a reformatory for boys on the plan of the celebrated institution at Elmira, N. Y. He was in full accord with the views of the deputation as to granting pardoning powers to the provincial authority, which he thought could be arranged without legislation. He promised to talk the matter over with Premier Mowat, and also to consider a plan for the identification of criminals so that the system of indeterminate sentences for second and third offeuses might be adopted. He also approved of separate jails for juvenile offenders. From all this some radical prison reform measures may be expected.

INSURANCE RATES.

TO THE EDITOR:—I would like to draw attention to the facts brought to light in connection with the alleged case of incendiarism at Frederick street. In the first place, it seems a customs officer is permitted to act as an insurance canvasser. In the second place, this officer was merely a sub agent and it appears was paid 15 per cent. on the premiums he collected. This leads me to enquire what commissions are paid to chief agents, and I find in some cases they receive as much as 25 per cent. commission. There is peculiar significance in this fact, when we consider the fire insurance companies have formed a combine to maintain rates which business men in Victoria have always contended are excessive in view of the comparative immunity we have alwadys enjoyed from fires of any serious importance. No wonder insurance companies can offord to pay their agents 25 per cent. commission. VICTIM.

"Reindeer Brand" Condensed Tea, Coffee and Cocoa are the most convenient and economical preparations for the household. All grocers sell these goods. *

Alberni, reported by some of H. M.'s most eminent officers, as being the only suitable site for an arsenal. *

Do Not Miss

Reading this item. As Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public, and as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to reopen in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business, established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate. *

Will Visit the Indians.

Bishop Lemmens will leave in a few days on a visit to the Indian Catholic missions. He will probably accompany Captain Keefe, on the sealing schooner Otter to Kyoquot at which place there is an Indian mission.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Steamer Rainbow leaves for the north on Monday.

Schooner Penelope is on the Star ways, receiving an overhauling.

Steamer City of Kingston will wait to-night to take the Calhoun Opera Company across the Sound.

The steamship Empress of Japan is bringing 50 Chinese to Victoria this trip instead of 150 as stated in the TIMES yesterday.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

G. M. Rouse, of Port Townsend, is here.

Horace Robinson is down from Vancouver.

J. B. Nason, M.P.P. for Cariboo, is in the city.

Mrs. M. H. Cowan left for California last evening.

Capt. Gaudin returned from Vancouver last night.

J. S. Proctor, a St. Paul lumberman, is at the Driard.

Ald. McInnis, of Westminster, is in the city on business.

Thos. Hooper returned from the Mainland last night.

H. G. Robinson returned from Vancouver last evening.

C. H. Colpe returned home to Vancouver this morning.

M. Bray, Government agent at Nanaimo, is in the city.

Capt. Powers and Mrs. Powers came over from the Sound last evening.

Lieut.-Col. Andrew Haggard and Mrs. Haggard returned from Okanagan last night.

G. Leiser and wife will leave for a two months' visit to California on Sunday next.

H. E. Bradley, representing Broderick & Morley of Chatham, is in the city on a business trip.

R. B. Miller, chief clerk of the general freight department of the Union Pacific, arrived last night.

W. H. Mead and Frank Parker, representatives of the Chicago and Northwestern, who were in the city, went to Vancouver this morning.

Kirkwood & Co., retail grocers, having closed out their business, Mr. Kirkwood has accepted a lucrative position in one of the largest importing American firms on the coast, and will represent them from Victoria to Winnipeg.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

Wonders of Olden Times.

Nineveh was fourteen miles long and eight miles wide, the whole city surrounded by a wall 100 feet high, so thick as to furnish ample room for three chariots to be driven abreast around the top. Babylon was fifty miles within the walls, which were seventy-five feet thick and of the same height as those of Nineveh. This monster wall had twenty openings, or gates, which were closed by enormous brass shutters every evening at sundown. The Temple of Diana at Ephesus, which was about an even hundred years in building, was 450 feet to the first support of the roof. The largest of the pyramids was originally 481 feet high and 853 on the sides, the base covering eleven acres. The stones, which are in 208 layers, average sixty feet in length. One account says that 350,000 men worked twenty years in fashioning the Titanic pile. The famous "Labyrinth of Egypt" contained 300 rooms or chambers and twelve halls. Thebes, Egypt, at the present time presents ruins twenty-seven miles in circumference. The remains of many of the buildings, such as columns, arches, etc., are of such gigantic size that no known modern machinery would be equal to the task of taking them down, to say nothing of putting them in their present positions.

Aid to Catholic Missions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Indian Commissioner Morgan will make no formal reply to the recent attack upon him by Senator Vest of Missouri, who characterized him as a narrow-minded bigot, and declared that he was prejudiced against the work of the Catholics among the Indians. He says that the next report of the bureau will show that the Catholic Indian bureau has drawn nearly a quarter of a million dollars from the national treasury in eight years, and that it is now being paid seventy dollars a year per head for the education of five thousand children. The reason why Commissioner Morgan does not care to enter into a controversy with the Missouri senator is because his resignation, to go into effect on March 1st, has already been accepted by the President. On that date he takes the position of corresponding secretary of the National Baptist Home Missionary Society.

The Homestead Poisoners.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 12.—The trial of Pugh Dempsey, district master workman of the Knights of Labor, J. M. Davidson and Robert Beatty, charged with poisoning non-union workmen in Homestead steel works during last August, began here to-day before a crowded court room. Beatty is charged with having arranged with Davidson and other cooks at the mill to administer poison which it was alleged Dempsey furnished. The serious charge of having procured and disbursed the money used in furtherance of the scheme was also put upon Dempsey. A jury was secured and the trial is in progress.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Stop that Cough by using LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Very Lively Interest Manifested in the Mayoralty Contest.

Mr. Dalby's Friends Work Hard For the Election of Their Candidate.

Although the campaign has been a short one, the election for mayor, aldermen and school trustees to-day was the liveliest in the history of the city. Everybody took an interest in the event, and immediately after the polls opened there were crowds around the polling booths. Everything was election, and nobody would talk about anything else. A larger number of votes than usual were cast during the morning, but in the afternoon the big rush commenced. There were four deputy returning officers and four assistants attending to the voters for mayor and school trustees, and six deputies with their assistants looked after the booths where the voting for aldermen took place.

The principal interest was taken in the mayoralty contest, although even the supporters of Mr. Dalby conceded that he could not be elected. The members of Mr. Dalby's committee were out early and worked with energy for their candidate. They had a large number of conveyances at their disposal, and were kept busy hunting out voters. Mayor Beaven's friends, on the other hand, quietly went to the polls and voted without fuss or excitement. They were not organized, had no committee, no scrutineers, no committee-room, and no carriages. They were content to leave the matter to the electors, feeling convinced that the good sense of the electorate would prevail against the desperate efforts of his opponent's agents. At this writing it is impossible to predict the result, but judging from the extraordinary efforts of Mr. Dalby's friends and the absence of effort on the part of Mr. Beaven's, the former gentleman will not be "snowed under" by as many hundred votes as was at one time predicted.

A great deal of interest was manifested in the aldermanic election in North Ward, and a big vote was polled. There was a good deal of uncertainty as to who would be elected for this ward, most of the candidates being considered likely men. The citizens committee were hard at work for their candidates and expected to elect a majority of them.

In the other wards the contests were not so keen. There were only four candidates in South Ward, and as it was almost a certainty that Ald. Munn would be re-elected the fight was between the other three.

In Central Ward there were six candidates and the contest was considered to be a close one.

For the first time in many years there was some interest shown in the election of school trustees. When the trustees were elected some years ago little or no interest was taken in the event, but this year there were almost as many votes cast for school trustees as there were for Mayor. This was brought about by the election taking place on the same day as the municipal election.

STRAY SHOTS.

There were the usual number of "should be voters," whose names were not on the list, and the city clerk was kept busy answering questions as to why they were not there.

The betting on the result of the contest was two to one in favor of Mayor Beaven, with very few takers.

A large number of ladies voted for Mayor and school trustees.

It is calculated that about 2000 votes were cast for mayor.

A squad of police were kept busy keeping the sidewalks clear in front of the polling booths.

The Water Shortage.

The report of the waterworks committee contains two startling statements. The report states that from observations taken the demand for water exceeds the supply by 91,000,000 gallons. Calculations were taken last year, and this is the result. The 91,000,000 gallons is the most favorable presentation of the case. It assumes that the whole of the water obtainable from the lake should be stored. The heavy draught on the water in summer reduces the pressure from equal to a head of 53 feet in winter to 35 feet. This pressure is practically useless for fire purposes.

The Triumph Goes to Sea.

The sealing schooner Triumph, Capt. Clarence Cox, left on her season's sealing cruise this morning. She is the first vessel of the Victoria fleet to get away this year. The schooner W. P. Hall, Capt. Brown, will depart in the morning, and in the course of a few weeks there will be a regular procession of them in the straits until they are all gone.

What Chief Sheppard Says.

Chief of Police Sheppard in his annual report attributes the fact that drunkenness is on the decrease to the Sunday closing of saloons. The lock-up accommodation is inadequate. Provision is asked for the temporary custodianship of lunatics and boys of tender years.

They May Practise.

Dr. Holden, of Donald, and Dr. Maclean, Revelstoke, have successfully passed the B. C. Board of Medical Examiners and are entitled to practise in the province. President Dr. DeWolfe Smith, of Westminster, was not present at the examination owing to illness.

Cheap Dress Goods.

We have 3,000,000,000,001 yards of dress goods at 10c per yard, must be cleared this month. Russell, McDonald & Co., 134 Douglas street. *

A delicious cup of Tea, Coffee or Cocoa can be prepared in a few seconds for a cent by using "Reindeer Brand" Condensed Tea, Coffee or Cocoa. Sold by grocers. *

Something New.

Fine carved bread boards, butter dishes etc., suitable for presents, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

They are Very Choice.

The car load of eastern apples that arrived on Saturday are something extra. Call and see them at Gordon's. *

County Court.

A number of adjourned cases were heard in the County Court this morning by the Chief Justice. There were no important cases.

Harvest of the Reaper.

There have been 354 interments in Ross Bay cemetery last year. Males 237, females 117. Increase 2 males and 6 females over last year.

An Appeal.

The case of Mason vs. Oliver came up in the court to-day and was remanded until Tuesday. This is an appeal from a judgment of Judge Bole's given in the County Court of New Westminster.

For Final Judgment.

Mr. McPhillips on behalf of the plaintiff in the case of Gabriel vs. Mesher, made a motion this morning for final judgment. The arguments for and against the motion will be heard on Tuesday next.

Subscribers' Meeting.

The annual general meeting of the subscribers to the British Columbia Rifle Association will be held at Pioneer Hall to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. The New Westminster delegates will come over this evening.

For the Paint Works.

The steamer Danube leaves for Vancouver to-night to bring down 400 tons of freight ex the bark Sabrina for the Canada Paint Company. The freight consists of machinery and material for the manufacture of paint.

Cause of the Trouble.

It is reported that the trouble at the tramway power house was caused by a Chinaman being employed as oiler. He allowed the machinery to become heated, and consequently the trouble. The cars were running as usual this morning.

The Tacoma Goes Westward.

The N. P. steamship Tacoma arrived from the Sound this morning and will start for Yokohama at 5 o'clock this evening. She has 1000 tons of freight aboard and about 63 Chinese passengers. Her Chinese crew, who have been quarantined aboard of the Amelia, were transferred back aboard. They were happy to be again on their own vessel.

More Celestial Overcrowders.

Chan Wy, of 173 Government street, and Loo Lai Chun, 43 Fisgard street, will appear in the police court to-morrow morning. They are both charged with keeping overcrowded Chinese sleeping quarters. In Chan Wy's shack there were three Celestials in a room measuring only 455 cubic feet. Loo Lai Chun had ten men crowded into 2600 cubic feet of very evil-smelling space.

Burgoyne Bay Public School.

The annual Christmas party and entertainment of the Burgoyne Bay school, was held on Friday evening. Being fine, nearly all the settlers of the picturesque valley were to the fore, numbering with the pupils over 100. The schoolroom presented a gay appearance, being tastefully clothed in evergreens and holly berries. A portion of the room was cut off for those who took part in the entertainment, by looped festoons intermingled with Chinese lanterns shedding their gentle light, the whole being very effective. After justice had been done to the good things provided for the pupils and friends, the chair was taken by Captain Robertson of Moresby Island, who in a neat speech addressed the children, dealing principally with the advantages which the school system of British Columbia afforded, and advising them to secure for themselves while young a solid and useful education which would fit them for the battle of life. An excellent programme was provided consisting of songs, music, recitations and readings. The recitations of the pupils shewed careful training and were heartily received. Among those who contributed to the pleasure of the evening were Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Rogers, Miss Wilson, Messrs. Cartwright, Monk, J. and W. Walshe, Raines, Dolan, Sugrue, Cooke, etc. Special mention should be made of Mr. J. Sugrue, who, armed with a "shillalagh," sang several Irish comic songs, rendering them excellently, "Killaloe" being received with great enthusiasm. The prizes, which were many and valuable, were distributed by the chairman with words of encouragement. Besides the prizes given by the master, Mr. Cooke, special prizes were given by the following gentlemen:—Rev. J. B. Haslem, incumbent of Salt Spring, Messrs. Wilson, Archer, Nightingale, Maxwell Furness and Ford. After the distribution, Rev. J. B. Haslem addressed the children in an eloquent and appropriate speech. Refreshments having been served, the younger portion of those present dispersed homeward, to dream of Christmas feasts, prizes and fairyland, while the elder remained for a dance, which was kept up till the still morning hours, when the pleasant gathering broke up, all concurring that the evening was the pleasantest ever spent in the Burgoyne Valley settlement.

MR. GRANT'S EXPLANATION.

How He Disposed of Bequests for Old People's Home.

The explanation made by ex-Mayor Grant, at the meeting last night, of the disposition of the two grants of $500 and $800, which he had received towards the erection of a new Old People's Home, was to the following effect:

He asked the chairman of the meeting, Mr. J. H. Todd, to read a letter which he had given him. The chairman complied, the letter being to the following effect:

VICTORIA, Jan. 11, 1893.

To John Grant Esq., M.P.P.:

The $500 subscribed by Captain Power to the Old People's Home, is still in my possession, and will be handed over at any time when the Home has been established upon a permanent basis by the city. (Signed)

R. P. RITHET.

In reference to the $800, left by a deceased miner named Kane, Mr. Grant said he had drawn the money from the bank and invested it at a higher rate of interest on real estate security, and the securities were under seal in the keeping of Messrs. Dalby, Claxton & Co. The question of the home was one with which the council had nothing to do, and any action that he had taken in the matter was as a private individual and not as mayor of the city.

Mr. Beaven, in replying, pointed out that the council had passed a resolution requesting Mayor Grant to pay the money to the city treasurer, which had not been done; and also read a letter signed by Mr. Grant as mayor, in regard to the pass book of the deceased miner Kane.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Garrison Artillery drill this evening.

The Sons of Erin will not meet till Wednesday next.

There was an Iolanthe dance in Harmony Hall last night.

The St. Luke's entertainment has been postponed till 21st inst.

Thirty by-laws were passed by the city council during 1892.

Only one case in the police court this morning. John Olsen, drunk, fined $5.

The chair raffled by the ladies of Emanuel church was won by George Langley.

Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, will drill in the Market Hall at 7:30 to-night.

The water works expenditure last year amounted to $50,653.08; receipts, $54,840.66.

The McDonald fire enquiry, to have been heard on Saturday, has been postponed till Tuesday.

The divisional court was in session this afternoon hearing the case re the Lanark Mining Company.

Messrs. Huston and Cornish will represent Westminster at the rifle association meeting here to-morrow.

At the residence of Mrs. David Spencer last night, the children of James Bay Methodist church were entertained.

The Ladies Aid of First Presbyterian church gave their annual supper last night. Good attendance and pleasant programme.

Entries for the Poultry and Dog show will be held up to Saturday. Exhibits must be at the market by nine o'clock on Tuesday morning.

Little Miss Mayo, the child dancer with the Calhoun Opera Company, was encored several times last evening. She appeared in a skirt dance, and really merited all of the applause given her.

The tram cars started up again this morning after a 40 hour break down. The company pressed work as speedily as possible and have got the line running again sooner than was expected when the break occurred.

Grand Production of "Siberia."

The great Russian spectacular, "Siberia," has been booked at the Victoria three nights commencing Monday, January 16. This play narrates a story of the tyranny of Russian misrule and of the hardships of the poor victims sent to the mines. The licentious practices of Jarakoff, governor general of one of the Russian provinces, leads to the abduction of a young and beautiful girl, whom he confines in his palace despite the entreaties and protestations of her relations and friends. Her sister Sara gains admittance to the palace and endeavors to free her. In the attempt Jarakoff is stabbed, the heroic Sara is taken into custody, and in course of time is sentenced to the mines. The horrors of the journey are realistically depicted both by the story and the admirable staging of the piece. Sara's lover, a Nihilist named Nicolai joins the army and succeeds in being appointed as one of the guards employed to accompany the convicts. He aids her and other friends in the mines to make their escape, and, throwing off allegiance to the "White Father," he successfully evades pursuit and sets sail with Sara for America, the home of freedom. The scenery to be employed in the production has cost weeks of labor for the scenic artist, C. L. McFarland, and the mechanical effects have occupied Mr. Kloos fully as long. Mr. Bert Coote, in addition to his reputation as a comedian, can add those of ballet driller and general supervisor of the marches, evolutions and tableaux. The ballet is exceedingly well trained and reflect great praise on their instructor.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SALE

Commences Wednesday, January 18th.

SPENCER'S ARCADE

STORE WILL BE CLOSED ON TUESDAY.

::Extraordinary::Bargains::

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

SEE SMALL BILLS.

D. SPENCER, Government Street.

SOME SO-CALLED

"Retiring From Business" And "Cheap Sales,"

Are really NOT WHAT THEY SEEM and will stand plenty of investigation.

THE WESTSIDE

In January of Every year marks down Surplus Stock to a figure which has the desired effect of clearing its shelves.

Our Record

Of Successful Sales from year to year is conclusive evidence that in our advertisement we tell the plain truth, and never allow moss to gather on our goods.

A Few Pointers

54 in. all wool Tweeds, 75 and 80c., reduced to 40c.
54 in. all wool English Tweeds, $1.75 to $2.25, now $1.25.
Novelties in double width Dress Goods, 75 & 90c., now 40c.
54 in. all wool Tweeds, English, $1.25 to $1.40, now 90c.
42 & 44 in. all wool French Cashmere, 75 & 80c., now 40c.
Satins, from $1.00 to $1.25, reduced to 50c.

Having done away with our Dressmaking Department we are now engaged in making extensive alterations in the Mantle Showroom, which will in future be 70x21 ft.

Jackets, Mantles, Ulsters.

To make a Complete Clearance of these Goods before receipt of new stock, we have regardless of cost, made FINAL REDUCTIONS, and do not expect to have any left by February 15th. For Prices see windows and show room.

HOUSE JERSEYS reduced from $2.90 and $3.50 to $1.00.
Sale now on. For best choice call early.

Westside, 5th January, 1893.

J. HUTCHESON & Co.

DULUTH

Situated at the entrance to Seymour Narrows, the Terminus of the Canada Western Railway, in connection with the Ferry to the Mainland.

LOTS IN THE ORIGINAL TOWNSITE.....

(Lots in the Original Townsite can be had at present prices until January 1st, when prices will be raised 25 per cent.)

The above statement was made in December last, and in conformity with same prices have been raised 25 per cent.

The first payment of $100,000 of the subscription to the stock of the Railway Co. has been made.

The Lots owned by the Canada Western Railway Co. in Duluth are NOT FOR SALE.

HENRY CROFT, 72 Government St.

WANDERINGS IN THE OLD LAND.

Some Pathetic and Some Amusing Pictures of Life in English and Scottish Cities.

Anecdote of Tennyson and Henry Irving—A London Bobby Solves a Problem.

LONDON, Dec. 27, 1892.—An eminent German author and myself visited Farringford House, Isle of Wight, the home of the late Lord Tennyson, a few months before the poet's death. In his later years, the laureate, forgivably enough, received this sort of tribute rather charily, as he had somehow become possessed of the odd suspicion that literary pilgrims sought his cellar, famous for the oldest and choicest port wine in England, rather than for opportunity for worshipping at the shrine of his personality.

We found him among the shrubbery which luxuriantly hides the quaint old place, wandering in the verdure and blossoms like an unseasonable St. Nicholas masquerading beneath a frowsy slouch hat. He received us kindly enough, but with brusque familiarity, as though we had been importunate tenants coming to insist upon rent reductions, and led us directly to his study. The one man servant of the place instantly appeared, with the air of a country inn servitor awaiting a dubious order from questionable guests. The great poet simply said "Two!" with a deprecating gesture; motioned us to a seat upon an ancient leather-covered settle; tossed his slouch hat into a corner of the study, and sank wearily into his capacious easy chair at the study table, as if about to undergo an unpleasant ordeal.

Tennyson eyed my German friend with evident distrust until the man servant returned with two bottles of port wine, glasses for his visitors, and a huge dock-glass, holding at least a pint, for himself. Then the great man deliberately put an end to conversation by abruptly declaring that he felt unable to discuss German philosophy or American politics; pushed one bottle and the glasses toward us; and held the other bottle by the neck as if fearful it might somehow disappear. Impatiently motioning us to partake, he at once helped himself to a good half pint of wine, to which was added half as much cold water. This was repeated, until in a half hour's time, his own bottle had been entirely emptied. We said some pleasant things and came away. My German friend was furious; more furious over the quality of the wine that had been served to us, than the poet's apparent antipathy to the philosophies of his countrymen. The same evening in London, while we were still in company together with a few literary friends at a Covent Garden resort, the German author indignantly related the incident. The entire party laughed merrily at our discomfiture, and one, a well-known actor finally said:

"Henry Irving is the only person who ever really got the best of Lord Tennyson regarding his famous port wine. He was visiting him about two years since. When the dessert came on, the poet left the table and retired to his study with Irving. Here a bottle of his favorite port, a glass for Irving, and the same huge dock-glass, with a pitcher of water, was set before him. In a few moments Tennyson fell asleep. Irving gently disengaged his hand from the neck of the bottle, took it to his own side of the study table, and leisurely drank its entire contents before the poet awoke. The remainder of Irving's visit was distinguished by extreme hilarity on his part, and a well-defined coolness on the part of the laureate; but Irving has always been ecstatic over his achievement, and possesses the extraordinary distinction of being the only man living, aside from the laureate himself, who ever really drank an entire bottle of Lord Tennyson's rare old port wine."

In foreign travel, as in some other things, we are often the victims of our own opaqueness and prejudice. In London and other British cities, the American will notice little signs at street corners, in crowded, narrow thoroughfares, in parkways, and at all sudden turnings traversed by vehicles, reading, "*Keep to the Left.*"

Some years ago when I first noticed this it worried me. I wanted to understand it, and, like a true American, perhaps protest about it a little. I approached a London policeman with the earnest inquiry:

"Beg pardon, officer, but might I ask why, in London, everything goes "To the Left?"

Like one of Mrs. Jarley's figures his head moved statelily. He regarded me one awful, official moment with contemptuous pity. His head moved back again. Then with withering scorn he answered:

"An' w'y in 'ell shouldn't it?"

I had never thought of that. After observing and thinking a little, I saw that the English are right in keeping to the left. Drivers being seated at the right, there is absolutely no other way in which to utilize every inch of crowded street. In keeping to the right, as with us, no driver can safely judge distance, when meeting or passing other vehicles. Here, where the drivers' heads practically come together over their wheel-hubs when meeting or passing, far greater speed is secured; while danger and loss from clashing wheels are almost wholly avoided. There is wisdom in discarding a bad custom for a good one, wherever we may find the latter.

There is one custom of the British gentry and nobility, as old as the English railway system, which can never, save in a modified way, have its counterpart even with the most offensively recent accessions to our American "aristocracy." That is for a gentleman and his wife to occupy a first-class compartment of a railway carriage, apparently for the better accommodation of their lap-dog, while their children and servants are crowded and banged about in a second or third-class compartment of the same train.

Perhaps this custom was never quite so unpleasantly impressed upon me as when returning from London to York over the Great Northern Railway. I happened for a time to be the sole occupant of a first-class compartment, and had fallen asleep. Parties had entered unknown to me, and I was awakened, just as the London suburbs were reached by an unusual commotion.

A plump English lady, past forty, with wild eyes and a long smooth-shaven upper lip, was struggling with the rear portion of a tiny, white Porto Rico lap-dog. Opposite her, on the same seat a burly Englishman was pleading with the same animal, which had set his teeth with much persistent firmness in the tenderest portion of its master's nose.

It was a young lady dog. Its ringlets had been so sheared as to give it the appearance of a fierce Numidian lion. It was exceedingly nervous and excitable, and its master had nagged the creature.—"Derby," pronounced Darby, it was called—until it had retorted by grabbing the pursy gent's nose as though it had been a rat.

"God bless me sowl, Darby! D'ye know y'ave me nose quite set between yer pretty little teeth? [A quiet tweak by Darby.] Darby, dear! I say, Darby! Darby—there's a darling! God bless me, but its a brave girl! [Another emphatic tweak.] Precious child; there now! Mind ye, Darby, dear, I've no notion ot tearing away from ye, Darby. God bless me, Darby, I 'aven't such a thought. Oh, no, pretty creature! But, God bless me, wife, cawn't ye som'ow, ye know, entice the beast away? I've been very cool—ah, Darby, there's a dear!—but, 'pon my word, I'm fast exhausting. Wife! woman!—Show Darby the creams! 'Eav'n help me, but this is a go, though! 'Ave a cream, Darby, *do!* There's a dear, though. God bless me, but the creams did it, though!"

They really had done it. Darby had been shown some French creams, of which she was very fond, and evidently preferred them to her master's nose. The pursy gent seemed fit for an apoplectic stroke on account of that organ, which had suffered no more than a good pinch; but the lady's moanings at the possibility of Darby's nervous system having received too severe a shock, were something piteous indeed.

As we alighted at King's Cross station, after milord, milady and "Darby" had been tenderly bestowed in a handsome brougham, it transpired that the man and wife's five children, two maids and other miscellaneous luggage, all of whom and which had shared a third-class compartment with as many uncouth Yorkshire yokels, were left behind to reach home as best they could by way of a raging London "thripenny" 'bus.

There is a quaint little inn of Edinburgh, hard by St. Andrew's Square, in which I love to make my home when in "Auld Reekie;" for while it is but a few steps from the city's peerless Princes street, it is still within the precincts of a fine old residence district, made famous by the haunts of a score of the great literary Scotchmen of other days.

Much going and coming between this inn and central city places brought to my notice the fact that, nearly every pleasant summer night when the hush of evening had fallen upon the town, a marvelous singer of the tenderest ballads of Scotland came that way; stood for a quarter of an hour or so in the quiet entrance of St. Andrew's street; and at intervals to the accompaniment of an accordion sang sweetly for those who tarried.

At chance glimpses of the singer and his regular evening audience I noticed, too, that the man never solicited alms. He stood quite still in the middle of the street, and now and then some one of the crowd, in the pauses of the singing, would step quietly up to him and place a coin within his hand. These were copper coins always, and they nearly always came from the pockets of poor people. Finally, the songs and the scene touching my own heart, I went and placed a coin in his hand, as others had done before me.

Then for the first time I saw that the man was blind. I saw, besides, such a face as will haunt me all my lifetime. I cannot tell what painter has put most of hopeful patience, exalted resignation and sublime faith into any one face upon canvas. But here was a face that instantly revealed them all. I went back to him. I told him I would like to know him; asked him if I could come to his home, or if he could find his way to my lodgings; and in a moment more we had arranged for a meeting at the little St. Andrew's street inn for the morrow.

When he came his first words put us both as warmly in touch as though our hearts had been open to each other for a lifetime.

"I knew by your voice," he said sadly, "you saw through my sightlessness. An' we blind folk are mair canny at seein' than ye think. You make rhymes. So do I." This deprecatingly. "God knows my heart is sair t' sing wi' a pen, too!"

So I knew he had already sung "wi' his pen," and made him there and then repeat his rhymes. Here was another Burns in rags and obscurity. Surely this is so. Then I went with this blind poet and singer, John Connell, to his home, No. 12, Gibbs Entry (second flat) Nicholson street, Edinburgh; away up among the densely inhabited wynds and closes of old-town. What was there? Just so many children one could scarcely count them or remember their names; a kindly-faced wife, loyal and true; a hearthside as barren of the comforts of this life as the face of a storm-beaten crag; but with faith, hope and unfaltering love enough within it to seed for saving an entire race.

The story of the man and his bitter struggle is a short one; because of his vocation, his poverty, his silent suffering. He was a mechanic once, with boundless hopes for education and advancement; perhaps with dreams of fame. The blindness came. That the wife and bairns might not starve, he must sing upon the street. Then a passing grand lady heard him sing. She sent for him and gave him an audience. The old hopes flamed anew. To make her husband presentable the soft-hearted wife gave all their savings and pledged all their little belongings for clothing and a brand new accordion. "The puir body may find favor!" the fond wife prayed. He did—until he told the grand lady proudly of his good wife and bairns. Then she bid him good-day, and her servant showed him the door.

John Connell has been singing for alms now for more than four years for this mishap; that those dear to him may barely live; to relieve himself from the wolffangs of the usurer; and to retrieve himself from the favor of this grand Edinburgh lady. Many, silent, dreadful are the tragedies of this life from the heedlessness and the heartlessness of the rich and great!

I added to his little store of books; helped a little in other ways from my own slender purse; but my heart aches and my eyes mist in the longing for some good and powerful man—is there not such a Scotchman in Scotland or America?—to place this blind singer where the songs of his tender heart may be made known to all men. Wherever my wanderings may lead me, I cannot but hear his thrilling voice in "Auld Reekie's" throughfares, or see him in the little Gibbs Entry home-cell, sitting in the silences of his sightless life, his faithful wife reading over and over to him the songs of other men, or taking down the lines that crowd upon his trembling tongue;—a transcendent picture of some modern Prometheus bound.

When tramping upon the grand Scottish highways, and drawn from the road to the fields by some vagarous fancy, a thrilling sense of exultation comes in the accidental discovery of some old Roman Road. You have perhaps leaped a wall and come upon a ragged hollow. This can be clearly traced, straight as an arrow for a long distance. There is a wondrous fascination in this bramble-covered swail. You pother about for a little, and find it paved with huge stones. More digging discloses solid walls set beneath the rubbish of its sides.

The sea itself hardly broke the line of this stout old artery, along which once surged the iron blood of Rome. Stern Agricola rode at the head of his legions past the very spot on which you are standing. Almost ceaseless tides of warriors swept over the road to Mons Grampius, that ten thousand slain and stark Caledonians might form an impassable wall before the mist-wreathed mountains beyond.

Eighteen hundred years have passed since jealous Domitian recalled to Rome this invincible leader of steel-mailed slaughterers, and the glowing pen of Tacitus told the surpassing bravery of the skin-clad Northmen who fell beneath his onslaughts; but as you linger upon this old Roman way, dreaming until the sun is almost level with the far mountain tops, flaming their heather marvelously, countless wraiths pass and repass in olden battle array.

Then that it is the nineteenth and not the first century upon which the sun is shining is recalled to you by the face of a keenly observant but solemn collie dog breaking between some clumps of golden broom above your head. He has been minding a flock of sheep, grazing yonder on the brae-side; and he has stepped aside for a moment to interrupt your vagarous fancies about Agricola and all the other grim old fellows of his blood-letting time, and to study your intentions and possibly examine your credentials. You beg his pardon for the trespass; leap the wall to the highway again; gaze back down the valley upon a score of red-roofed hamlets; push forward to the wayside inn where you are to tarry; and, between the walls of its huge chamber, you march in dreams from the Seven Hills to the Grampians, with mailed hosts and forests of spears, along that old Roman road throughout the livelong night.

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

Boccaccio by the Calhouns.

"Boccaccio," a pretty opera by Von Suppe, was played by the Calhoun Opera Company last night to a good house. The charming little opera was rendered in a very pleasing manner by the clever company of players. The successes of the evening were made by Miss Calhoun, Miss Millard, Mr. Pache, Mr. Calhoun and Mr. Flint. The first-mentioned appeared in the title role and during the evening showed a versatility that was surprising. Mr. Pache, the tenor, was in splendid voice and was repeatedly encored. He is a good singer. Miss Millard does not show to advantage in her acting, but that is forgotten when her sweet voice is heard. Calhoun and Flint, the comedians, were extremely funny. They had more scope than on the preceding evening and made excellent use of it. Mr. Flint sang the cooper's solo excellently with chorus. Messrs. Ridsdale, Thayer, Thompson and Phillips, and Misses Hartley, Bodine and Maxwell sang their parts well. The excellent work of Carl Martens, the leader, is apparent in every solo, duet and chorus. The opera, "Fatinitza," will be played this evening. It is a story of love and war, with the plot laid in Russia and Turkey. It is the farewell performance and will begin at 8 o'clock.

"A Back Number."

This is the slighting remark that is often applied to women who try to seem young, though they no longer look so. Sometimes appearances are deceitful. Female weakness, functional troubles, displacements and irregularities will add fifteen years to a woman's looks. These troubles are removed by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Try this remedy, all you whose beauty and freshness is fading from such causes, and no longer figure in society as a "back number." It's guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it returned. See guarantee on bottle-wrapper.

Correction.

In another column will be found our advertisement relating to our 10c dress goods, but we find that a mistake has been made in the measuremen, it should read 3,000,000,000,000 yards instead of 3,000,000,000,001 as stated. Russell, McDonald & Co., 134 Douglas street. *

Do You Want a Home?

A new eleven roomed house, corner of Fort and McGregor avenue, finished in red wood with oak mantles, and all the latest improvements. Two lots, coach house and sheds. Will be sold very cheap. Principals only need address Box 568, P. O. *

Banker's Notice.

You will be happy during 1893 if you buy blank books at Kerr & Begg's bookstore. *

Amusements.

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

Famous Cambridge sausages, Bologna sausages, pork pies, bacon, ham and poultry, at Whitelaw & Co's., 72 Fort street. *

Study the geographical position of Alberni and its natural advantages. *

Dog collars and chains at McLennan & McFeely's. *

Phœnix Lager Beer.

Small Change.

The tip of a tipsy man isn't a straight tip.—Rochester Democrat.

News costs; you can't even get a report from a gun free of charge.—Elmira Gazette.

The man who runs behind his ticket may have push but never pull.—Philadelphia Record.

There is a marked difference in the sound of a tin horn to the victor and the vanquished.—Blizzard.

Some people can never say good-by gracefully, but a bulldog knows how to speed the parting guest.—Binghamton Republican.

The latest returns include those patriots who started out Tuesday night and got home in assorted conditions Thursday morning.—Philadelphia Times.

The only sure alarm clock in the mornings is a faithful old rooster. You can buy a good one for a quarter and he will go to your neighbor's for all his meals.—Atchison Globe.

That Would Be Suitable.

Mrs. Trotter (to tombstone sculptor)—There is a good deal of space between "our" and "grandmother." Couldn't something be put in there?

Sculptor—I could put in a cross.

Mrs. Trotter—Then it would read, "Our cross grandmother." That would do very well, for she was real cross sometimes.

Method in His Madness.

Marjorie—I'm sure you have a treasure in him, my dear. I never saw a more thoughtful young man.

Madge—Yes; he never forgets anything. He wouldn't even think of taking part in one of those football games without having the family physician with him.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

Myrtle Navy

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE

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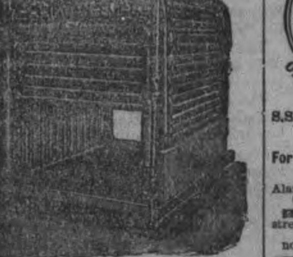

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

To the Public.

On and after this date I will take charge of

THE ROYAL SALOON.

The business will in future be carried on by me and strict attention will be paid to all patrons. Respectfully soliciting your patronage, I remain, your humble servant,

JACK HAYES, Proprietor.

The Finest Liquors and Cigars in the City. Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts. Victoria, B.C., Saturday, Jan. 7th, 1893.—1w

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE

Tickets ON SALE —TO— OMAHA

KANSAS CITY, ST. PAUL.

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS

COLONIST SLEEPERS,

RECLINING CHAIR CARS AND DINERS.

STEAMERS PORTLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY 4 DAYS

TICKETS TO AND FROM EUROPE

For rates and general information call on or address

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., Agents, 100 Government street.

W. H. HURLBURT, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agt. 254 Washington street, Portland, Oregon

STEAMBOATS.

THE Northern Pacific STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. TACOMA, January 12th.

S. S. FLINTSHIRE, February 10th.

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

THE S.S. "TACOMA,"

Captain Hill, will leave Victoria, on the 12th January, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after August 23rd, 1892,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

(CALLING AT WAY PORTS)

Leave Victoria..........Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox..........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdes Island..........Thursday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day
" Comox for Nanaimo..........Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria..........Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, Jan. 18, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer

Alameda..........MONDAY, Jan. 9th, 1893 3 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS CO. General Agents. no2

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
Empress of India..	....	Oct. 16, 1892
Empress of Japan..	Oct. 29, 1892	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China..	Nov. 22, "	Dec. 12, "
Empress of India..	Dec. 21, "	Jan. 9, 1893
Empress of Japan..	Jan. 18, 1893	Feb. 6, "
Empress of China..	Feb. 15, "	Mar. 6, "

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails require a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent, Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - - Jan. 14

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17.

Taking effect April 1, 1892.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Miles from Wellington	BOUND SOUTH. READ UP. No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
78	Ar. 5:58 P M	Ar. 12:24 P M	VICTORIA	De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:30 P M	
77	" 5:54	" 12:20	RUSSELL'S	" 8:04	" 2:34	1
74	" 5:44	" 12:10	ESQUIMALT	" 8:14	" 2:44	4
67	" 5:19	" 11:45 A M	GOLDSTREAM	" 8:39	" 3:09	11
58	" 4:50	" 11:10	SUMMIT SIDING	" 9:14	" 3:38	20
50	" 4:24	" 10:50	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 9:34	" 4:04	28
47	" 4:14	" 10:40	COBBLE HILL	" 9:44	" 4:14	31
45	" 3:53	10:37	McPHERSON'S	" 9:57	" 4:29	32
40	" 3:49	10:17	KOKSILAH	" 10:07	" 4:39	38
38	" 3:44	10:12	DUNCAN'S	" 10:12	" 4:44	40
35	" 3:34	10:09	SOMENOS	" 10:22	" 4:54	43
26	" 3:12	9:38	CHEMAINUS	" 10:48	" 5:16	52
19	" 2:55	9:16	OYSTER BAY SID'G	" 11:09	" 5:33	59
		8:31	NANAIMO (Ar.)	Ar. 11:50		
5	" 2:14	8:25	NANAIMO (De.)	De. 11:59	" 6:14	73
	De. 1:59	De. 8:10 A M	WELLINGTON	Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar. 6:29	78

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent. oct1

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent

No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt. Tacoma, Wash.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

THE Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. — S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1117

8 00 am	Lv	MI	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	MI	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.

S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	Mi	..‖†Tacoma...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Sehome....	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom..	Mi	Lv	6 00 am

‖Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			Ar	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	3 00 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston....	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	31	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	‡Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 First St., cor Washington, Portland, Or.

W. H. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C.

AUCTION SALES.

GEO. BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 18,

At 11 a.m.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE,

HOUSE AND LANDS.

I have been instructed by the mortgagee's agent to sell by auction, at my sale rooms, Fort and Langley streets,

All that piece or parcel of land lying and being in the City of Victoria, being lot No. 27, a subdivision of lot 4, and part of lot 5 of the WORK ESTATE, being part of section 4 of the Victoria District. According to a map or plan of the said subdivision deposited in the Lands Registry office at the City of Victoria, No. 358, together with all buildings and improvements thereon.

☞TERMS CASH.

GEORGE BYRNES,
jan7 Auctioneer.

JOHNSON & CO.

ARE THE AUCTIONEERS TO CONSULT

If you want to sell Realty, Furniture, Steamboat, Launch, Vessel, or Merchandise of any and every kind.

Will sell on commission or advance money.

58 BROAD STREET.

ja1-tf

Want of Perspicuity.—Parshley (who has lunched at the same restaurant with Gayjey without seeing him)—Some infernal rascal stole my hat in there, just now! Gayjer—That's funny! I lost mine there, too! (And they part, resolving never to visit the place again.)—Canadian Grocer.

He Was Dead.

It was in a little country school in the mountains of Pennsylvania. One of the scholars was a bright little Irish girl whose only difficulty was in the study of geography. After much labor her teacher had succeeded in giving her a fair start, when she one day asked the child if she knew the name of the capital of the United States.

"No, ma'am," was the reply.

"Well, I will tell you, and then you must try to remember it," not doubting the pupil understood the meaning of the word "capital" as used. "It is Washington."

With smiling eyes and dimpling cheeks the girl exclaimed:

"Why, I thought he was dead long ago!"

For Students of Heredity.

Students of heredity may find some interesting material in the history of the Daltons. According to the Philadelphia Press, the progenitor of this lately renowned family of outlaws lived in that city 90 years ago, and gave the authorities much trouble by his deeds as a highwayman. One day he stopped a carriage containing two ladies and their elderly aunt. One of the younger ladies was about to be married, and strongly objected to handing over her wedding presents to the bandit, who with a chivalry reminiscent of Robin Hood's best days, allowed the party to pass unmolested. Some weeks later Dalton was arrested, and it would have gone hard with him had not the young woman, in the meantime married to an official of great influence, secured him a pardon on condition that he quit the State. This Dalton did, and settling in the west, became the progenitor of a long line of highway robbers.

A Curious Milking Experience.

The following account of a curious experience the Mirror and Farmer finds floating around and credited to J. D. Smith: Some years ago, my wife and I took a little trip away, being gone about three weeks. We left one cow, giving; I presume, as much as twenty-five pounds of milk a day. When I returned, my father-in-law, who had milked the cow informed me that she was nearly dry; said she began drying up right away on our going away. As I had always milked this cow myself, I supposed it due to the change of milkers, but she gave me but very little milk. I then began feeding her a grain ration when I milked her, and was surprised at the increased quantity, as well as the difference in the feeding of the udder after milking. This cow came back again to her old mess, and held out late. A few years after one of our best cows, one I had never fed while milking, began in midsummer to shrink badly. I began feeding her when I milked and she entirely regained her former mess, and continued to do well until late. I have always fed this cow since, beginning as soon as she came in.

Golden Precepts.

But even ignorance is better than Head-learning with no Soul-wisdom to illuminate and guide it.

Desire nothing. Chafe not at Nature's changeless laws. But struggle only with the personal, the transitory, the evanescent and the perishable. Help Nature, and work on with her, and Nature will regard thee as one of her creators and make obeisance.

Search for the Paths. But oh! be of clean heart before thou startest on thy journey. Before thou takest thy first step, learn to discern the real from the false, the everfleeting from the everlasting. Learn, above all, to separate Head-learning from Soul-wisdom, the 'Eye' from the 'Heart' doctrine.

New line of upholstered and carpet seated, ladies', misses', and gentlemen's chairs and rockers at Weiler Bros. *

Our display of holiday goods this season will eclipse all previous efforts, an interesting show to all, at Weiler Bros. *

Alberni, the div terminus of all continental railways. *

For shaving sets go to Fox's, 78 Government street.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

HOW THEY PART.

The Aldermen of 1892 Exchange Friendly Greetings at Their Final Meeting.

They Pass Small Accounts and Adopt Annual Reports—Ald. Humber Makes Fun.

The city council began work yesterday afternoon with a full board. It took 20 minutes to read the minutes of previous meetings.

The finance committee reported, recommending the payment of accounts totalling over $2000. Ordered paid.

Annual reports were received from Chief Deasy of the fire department, City Assessor and Building Inspector Northcott. Received and taken as read.

AGAINST LOCAL IMPROVEMENT.

Hon. A. N. Richards petitioned against the grading and macadamizing of Rockland avenue.

J. A. Winter and another petitioned against the laying of a sidewalk on Oak Bay avenue. Referred to City Assessor Northcott.

A WATER FAMINE.

Speaking to the report of the water committee Ald. Hunter said that by the report it would be seen that there would be a water famine next year if the supply were not increased. The probable consumption would exceed the supply by 91,000,000 gallons. The reservoir should be enlarged or there would be difficulty. Only 827,000,000 gallons could at present be collected and 918,000,000 gallons were required.

Ald. McKillican said the police had been asked to assist and see that there was no wasta.

The report was taken as read.

CLAIMS $2500 DAMAGES.

Mrs. Margaret Jensen claimed $2500 damages to her property by flooding. Cause, defective drainage. Left over for incoming council.

EXCHANGE COMPLIMENTS.

Mayor Beaven told the council that they had got through their labors for the year. A motion to adjourn was in order.

"No! no!" shouted several aldermen. "Let us hear from them." The "them" referred to were Alderman Lovell and Alderman Hunter, retiring members of the beard.

There were shouts of "Ald. Lovell, Ald. Lovell." The chairman of finance thanked the council and the civic officials for the kind consideration that he had recived.

Ald. Hunter said he echoed those sentiments in the word "ditto." There had been little differences, but they were good friends just the same. When steel met steel there was a result. And oft times the result was fire.

Mayor Beaven said that he tried to further the interests of the city, and the board of aldermen had done the same; they had different ideas, it would be extraordinary if it had not been so. It would almost be wrong. It would show a collusion. He hoped that they would all live long and enjoy themselves.

Ald. Hunter—"Next one to go out."

Ald. Munn was sorry to lose the services of Ald. Hunter and Lovell. The city constitution was defective in so far as it did not provide for the retention of men who had acquainted themselves with civic affairs and who had performed their duties excellently.

Ald. McKillican gave praise to Mayor Beaven for devoting his time to getting up by-laws which he said had saved the city $2000 in lawyers' fees. He hoped to see Mayor Beaven again in the chair. If the ratepayers thought as he did Mayor Beaven would have another term. City Clerk Dowler had ably discharged his duties. He trusted that the incoming council would get on as well as the outgoing body.

Ald. Bragg added that he was pleased that the board were separating with feelings of mutual respect. He was glad to see that the fact that they were members of the council had not severed their friendship. It was not what a man did. It was whether he had at heart the best interests of the city, and he was sure the aldermen of '92 were so actuated.

Ald. Humber would like to say a word before they parted for ever.

(A sigh from the alderman and laughter by the rest of the board.)

He hoped to see Mayor Beaven again in the chair. He was sorry to lose Alds. Hunter and Lovell. The last year had been a trying time. The epidemic forced them on the rocks, but they got her off again and had almost got clear to sea, when the helm was taken off them. He hoped that the good sense of the ratepayers would again return them.

Ald. Styles agreed with the statement that it would be a loss to the city not to put back the present council. Every man on the council had the city's interests at heart. It was but natural that they would differ, else they might come under the Chinese ban of "Too muchee something, no goodee nothing." He thanked the city officials for their kindness.

Ald. Baker thanked the mayor and aldermen for their kindness. He was sure that some of the old board would be back again. It would be bad for the city to have an entirely new board. He was sorry to lose Alds. Hunter and Lovell.

Ald. Hall felt quite moved by the expressive language of his fellow aldermen. "Finance Minister" Lovell he was sorry to lose; Ald. Hunter had retired with honors. He advocated a second term for aldermen on the ground that they could better do their duties better than new men.

Mayor Beaven remarked that the present board of aldermen acted till their successors were sworn in.

Ald. Humber added that they would have to do the talking all over again.

The board of '92 then ended its last meeting.

"I am convinced of the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, after taking but a few doses"—this is what many people say.

Forty-eight hours reduction in tim for passengers and mails from the Orient, via Alberni. *

Sealers are fitting out at McLennan & McFeely's. *

Carving sets and all kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

THE COMET.

The Comet! He is on his way,
And singing as he flies;
The whizzing planets shrink before
The specter of the skies;
Ah! well may regal orbs burn blue
And satellites turn pale,
Ten million cubic miles of head,
Ten billion leagues of tail!

On, on by whistling spheres of light,
He flashes and he flames;
He turns not to the left nor right,
He asks them not their names;
One spurn from his demoniac heel—
Away, away they fly,
Where darkness might be bottled up
And sold for "Tyrian dye."

And what would happen to the land,
And how would look the sea,
If in the bearded devil's path
Our earth should chance to be?
Full hot and high the sea would boil,
Full red the forests gleam;
Methought I saw and heard it all
In a dyspeptic dream!

—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

THE WIFE'S STRIKE.

How Mary Adopted Her Husband's Tactics and the Result Thereof.

The walking delegate never tired of talking of the strike. He held that it was justifiable if ever a strike was, and he was prepared to demonstrate that it was perfectly proper to strike to secure any desired result. He so told his wife, and she seemed to agree with him. She said it seemed to be the easiest way of enforcing a demand.

And that night when he came home he found that the table was not set.

"I want a new dress," she said, when he asked what the trouble was.

"I know. You've been bothering me for that dress for a month," he said, "but how about supper?"

"There isn't any," she said. "This is a strike."

"A strike?"

"Yes, a general tie-up. I've been trying to secure a peaceable settlement of this trouble for some time, but now I mean to enforce my rights."

"Mary, do you dare——?"

"Oh, don't talk to me that way! If I can't get you to arbitrate, why, I've got to strike. I don't care if it does block the wheels of trade."

"But, Mary, you don't understand."

"Oh, yes, I do. I've made my demands, and they've been refused. I've asked for arbitration with a view to compromise, and that has also been refused. A strike is all there is left, and I've struck."

"But your demands are unreasonable."

"I don't think they are."

"You're no judge."

"You're the judge of your own demands when you strike, and I'm just as good a judge as you are when I want something. It's no use talking. This strike is on."

She folded her arms in a determined way, and he subsided. It was perhaps half an hour later when he looked up and said:

"Mary, is the strike still on?"

"It is still on," she replied.

"Aren't you hungry?"

"No. I saw that I had something in the treasury before the strike was ordered."

"Meaning the pantry?" he asked.

"Meaning the pantry," she returned.

"I believe I'll get a bite," he said.

"It's locked," she replied. "The reserve is to be used simply to keep the strike going. You can't touch the striker's resources."

"Be careful, Mary," he said, warningly. "If I shut off the cash—"

She laughed and nodded towards the pantry.

"I can stick it out a week," she returned.

Five or ten minutes later he proposed that that they compromise on the basis of $10.

"Twenty," she replied, firmly.

"But that means ruin," he protested. "I can't afford it."

"That's your business," she answered. "I offered to arbitrate once."

It was 10 o'clock that night when he finally gave in, and somehow he felt that he had experienced a new phase of the strike business. It looked different from the other side of the fence.—Detroit Free Press.

One White Shirt in the Regiment.

At the surrender of Lee's army, when General Gordon determined to send a flag of truce to General Sheridan, he summoned Major Hunter, of his staff, and ordered him to carry a flag of truce forward.

"General, I have no flag of truce," replied Major Hunter.

"Get one," said the general, curtly.

"General," he replied again, "we have no flag of truce in our command."

"Take your handkerchief and put it on a stick and go forward."

"I have no handkerchief, general."

"Borrow one, and go forward with it."

"General, there is no handkerchief in the staff."

"Then, major, use your shirt."

"You see, general, that we all have on flannel shirts."

At last, one man was found who still had a white shirt; a part of it was torn off, and with this remarkable emblem tied on a stick the major went forward toward the enemy's lines.—Argonaut.

Had Seen Better Days.

Mr. Sellit—Well, Uncle Eph, how are you gettin' along these days?

Uncle Eph—Oh, I'm gettin' along fine. It's a mighty poor day I don't make my two or three dollars.

Mr. Sellit—You must be gettin' rich. 'Spose you pay me that little bill you owe me.

Uncle Eph—Well, you'll have to scuse me to-day, Mr. Sellit. You see, I've been havin' a lot of mighty poor days lately.

The All-Absorbing Occupation.

The interest of all womankind
In everything is dropping,
Except her interest, you'll find,
In delightful Christmas shopping.

A Name That Fits.

"I don't quite see why you refer to that artificial member as a 'game leg.'"

"Oh, that's all right. I won it on an election bet."

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL,
No. 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Conservatory of Music.
MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.
97 Quadra street,
Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers in
SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.
Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cohen's Printing Office
38 FORT STREET.

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

SAUER KRAUT. SAUER KRAUT.
RED CABBAGE. RED CABBAGE.
In 1 and 3 Gal. Pails. New Season.
BLUE BELL TOMATO KETCHUP.
Boxes and Bottles. A toothsome Relish. Manufactured at
Falconer's Victoria Vinegar Works.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,300,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1yr W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

THE
E. B. EDDY CO.
Are now Manufacturing all kinds of
Brown & Manilla Wrapping Paper
TISSUE MANILLA. TEA PAPER.
ROLL AND PACKAGE TOILET PAPERS.

If the house you deal with does not keep their paper in stock write our Agent, and he will supply you with full particulars and prices.

James Mitchell, 102 Government Street, Victoria.

Factories---The Largest in the World, at HULL, CANADA.
wed

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

All claims against this institution up to 31st December, 1892, are required to be sent in at once.

Address to the Hon. Treasurer, P.O. Box 49, Victoria.

For the future all accounts, large or small in amount, must be rendered monthly.

ja5-1w

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Fisgard streets
VICTORIA B. C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Dissolution of Partnership

The partnership heretofore existing between Stevenson & Jones at Pritchard House has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. W. G. Stevenson retiring, and the business will b carried on by Mr. Jones.

W. G. STEVENSON.
J. B. JONES.

Victoria, Dec. 19th 1892.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 141, 142 and 144, in the City of Victoria.

CERTIFICATES of Indefeasible Title to the above lots will be issued to William Parsons Sayward on the 21st day of January, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

[L.S.] C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 19th October 1892. oc21-3m

"Land Registry Act."

Section Fifteen (15), Range One East, South Saanich District, excepting three acres thereof as described in a conveyance dated the 16th day of January, 1873, and made between George Thomas, of the one part, and Alexander Caulfield Anderson and William Thomson, of the other part.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to George Thomas on the first day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1892. n25-3m

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of

W. Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa,
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital
Eye and Ear.

DR. O. M. JONES, late clinical assistant at Moorefield Ophthalmic Hospital, London, Tuesdays.

DR. MARK S. WADE, Fridays.

Will attend to Free Patients, on Tuesdays and Fridays at 9 a. m. of each week, at the hospital.

H. M. YATES,
ja10-1m Secretary.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block
ap29

SALE

AT THE

Stanley House

TO MAKE ROOM

For the Large stock of Spring and Summer Goods being purchased and personally selected by Mr. Hampson in Europe, we will offer our LARGE STOCK at

Greatly Reduced Prices

We have some nice, stylish things left in Jackets, Sealette Cloaks and Furs, that we will sell AT COST.

Our stock of Dress Goods, Trimmings, and General Dry Goods, is well assorted and will be sold at reduced rates.

We will always be pleased to show goods to anyone wishing to see them (as everyone should), before making their purchases elsewhere.

W. S. HAMPSON CO

Stanley House,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

Argyle House.

A GRAND SPREAD FOR CHRISTMAS DINNER.

*****

JUST RECEIVED

A Very Fine Assortment of White and Colored Linen Table Cloths with Napkins to match.

ALSO

A large quantity of Ladies' Silk Embroidered Handkerchiefs, from 25c. each, or 5 for $1.00.

Gentlemen's Silk Handkerchiefs, in Plain White Hemstiched, Black Hemstiched, Colored and White Figured. A large variety, from 40c. each.

*****

J. Horner & Co.

BRIBED TO BURN.

The Incendiary to Morse's Mill Had an Accomplice—The Civic Elections.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 12.—Edgar Eyre was before the court this morning for setting fire to Morse's mill. He is said to have admitted that on the night of the fire he was paid to burn the building, but who is the accessory is not yet ascertained.

The civic campaign closed with a monster meeting last night which evidently favored Brown. There is less display of banners and mottoes to-day than usual, but a large vote is being polled with a probability of a narrow majority for either of the mayoralty candidates.

MANGLED BY A DOG.

A Boy's Leg Shockingly Torn—Another Example of Government Aid.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Jan. 12.—Edward Wilcox, a little boy, was badly bitten last night by a dog on Agnes street. The whole calf of his leg was torn off, and it is feared that amputation may be necessary.

A party of city officials went out to Coquitlam Lake this morning to investigate the state of waterworks affairs at that end.

The river is nearly free from ice today; all the river and gulf vessels left as usual.

The Rifle Association will send delegates to be present at the annual meeting to-morrow evening in Victoria.

The Government, in order to obtain the workingmen's sympathy and vote in future elections, has instructed Road Inspector Sprott to expend a $5000 appropriation between the two cities on on the roads. So far only 30 applicants have asked for work as the scheme is looked upon as a failure. The average workingman is not in a position to obtain the necessary certificate from a clergyman, and laughs at the so-called Government generosity.

REMOVED FROM THE SHIP.

Coast Seamen's Union Take Two Men Off a Vessel—New Brick Factory.

NANAIMO, Jan. 12.—The Seamen's Union succeeded in taking two of the crew of the ship Occidental from the vessel yesterday. As the remainder were about to leave the ship they were preventen by the chief officer.

It is reporte that the Messrs. Dunsmuir are about to open up a brick works for manufacturing fire brick near Departure Bay. The clay is found in large deposits in No. 1 shaft of the company, and is said to be of first-class quality.

The hearing of the charge of highway robbery against Captains Morse and Herriman has been further postponed until tomorrow.

Following are the pilotage returns for the year 1892, as prepared by the Nanaimo pilotage authority, and adopted at the meeting of the Commissioners held this afternoon:

The pilotage collected during the year:—

From British vessels	$ 3,056 00
From foreign vessels	15,164 50
Total	$19,220 50

The returns show a decrease from the year 1891, when the gross returns amounted to $23,136.09.

Five pilots are employed in the service, pilot boats being kept steadily in commission, one at Discovery Island in the south of the district and another off Nanaimo Harbor.

The volunteer corps has extended invitations to the officers of the war vessels at Esquimalt, and the officers of C Battery and the Victoria volunteer corps to the ball to be given shortly.

The contest for the mayoralty opened in the city hall.

Laguna Madre Disappears.

DURANGO, Mex., Jan. 12.—The overland mail courier who has just arrived here from Mazatlan, brings news of a most remarkable occurrence, the disappearance of Laguna Madre, one of the most beautiful sheets of water in the state of Cinaloa. This lake was about thirty miles long and twelve wide. It was situated at the foot of the Sierra Madre mountains. The surrounding country is chiefly devoted to agriculture. A few days ago there was a series of slight earthquake shocks felt in that section. It was during one of these seismic disturbances that the natives were startled to see the water in the lake suddenly disappear. They thought the bottom had fallen out. Thousands of fish were left stranded on the bed of the lake. This sudden disappearance of the water was caused by a large crack which is supposed to have been caused by the earthquake. The water evidently found an outlet into the ocean through an underground passage, and the flow from the springs which fed the lake now passes into this new outlet.

Destruction of a Great Picture.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—"The Death of David Rizzio," the first of the great works of Gustave Dore, which has been on exhibition for some time as part of the Dore gallery at Carnegie's Music Hall, was so badly damaged by fire yesterday as to be practically ruined. Henry Haymen, who has charge of the collection, said last night that the painting was ruined, and in his opinion he was joined by an insurance adjuster who saw it after the fire. Haymen said he would send it to Europe for examination by experts, with a view to being restored. He preferred not to mention the value of the painting. The fire, he added, was caused, without doubt, by the electric light wires. The painting is insured.

Oriental Advices.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 12—The steamer Gaelic arrived from Hong Kong and Yokohama this morning bringing the following advices: Ichang, China, has been the scene of another anti-foreign riot, but the disturbance was quelled by a force of bluejackets from a British man-of-war. The riot was precipitated by an old woman who proclaimed to her countrymen that foreigners had desecrated the grave of one of her ancestors.

The officers of the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer Ravenna, which ran down and sank the Japanese torpedo boat Chishima, causing a loss of over 90 of the crew, have been exonerated.

The Emperor has recovered from his illness, but the Crown Prince is still ill.

A spinning mill has been burned at Ozaka, Japan, with a loss of one hundred and twenty-five lives. The fire occurred on the morning of December 20th, and was caused by the breaking of one of the belts, which getting between the machinery was ignited by friction and set fire to the oil and cotton near by. Most of the victims were young girls. Two hundred and seventy houses in the vicinity caught fire from the sparks and were destroyed. The loss is nearly $100,000.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

THE TURF.

ORMONDE'S HIGH LINEAGE.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The celebrated stallion Ormonde, recently sold to William McDonough of San Francisco, who, it is said, paid $150,000 for him, arrived at Southampton to-day from Buenos Ayres, where he has been for a considerable time past. The voyage does not seem to have affected him, and he is in good form. Porter, Ormonde's old trainer, took charge of him on his arrival. The Sportsman is authority for the report that Ormonde will serve ten mares in England at 300 guineas apiece before he is taken to America, notwithstanding the fact that English breeders are shy of him because of his roaring qualities. Ormonde comes from a line of Derby winners. Doncaster, his grandsire, won that greatest English prize in 1873; Bend Or, Doncaster's son, won it in 1880; Ormonde, Bend Or's son, in 1886, and there is hardly a doubt in sporting circles that Orme, Ormonde's son, would have won it last year had he not been poisoned.

Real Merit

Is the characteristic of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it is manifested every day in the remarkable cures this medicine accomplishes. Druggists say: When we sell a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla to a new customer we are sure to see him back in a few weeks after more,—proving that the good results from a trial bottle warrant continuing its use. This positive merit Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses by virtue of the Peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process used in its preparation, and by which all the remedial value of the ingredients used is retained. Hood's Sarsaparilla is thus peculiar to itself and absolutely unequalled in its power as a blood purifier, and as a tonic for building up the weak and weary, and giving nerve strength.

Burned the Tannery.

THREE RIVERS, Q., Jan. 12.—A large fire took place at Maskinonge on Saturday last when the tannery of Mr. J. H. Caron was destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown. The damage is estimated at $4000; there is no insurance.

Quicksand.

The reason a person sinks in quicksand is because the latter is composed chiefly of small particles of mica mixed largely with water. The mica is so smooth that the fragments slip upon each other with the greatest facility, so that any heavy body which displaces them will sink and continue to sink until a solid bottom is reached. When particles of sand are ragged and angular any weight pressing on them will crowd them together until they are compacted into a solid mass. A sand composed of mica or soapstone, when mixed with sufficient water, seems incapable of consolidation.

Old Age Respected by Law.

There is now in operation in Denmark a law giving every Danish subject, man and woman, the right to a pension at sixty years of age. Exception is made of persons who have been convicted of crime; who have fraudulently made over their property to relatives or others; who have brought themselves to distress by extravagance or evil-living; who have during the preceding ten years received relief from the Poor law; or who have been convicted of mendacity. Applications are to be addressed to the parish, who will make all inquiries, and fix the amount of the relief to be granted.

Sharing a House with Bees.

In a farmhouse between Marcellus and Skaneateles there is a curiosity. Between the plastering and the siding of the house, at one joint, there is a vacant space, which for the past three seasons has been utilized for hiving purposes by a colony of bees. The colony has grown to such an extent that on a warm summer day it is sometimes unsafe to drive horses in the yard near them. The family living in the house expect to make repairs in the fall, and they estimate that they will harvest 200 pounds of honey from their novel hive.

Attend to These Things Now.

Secure a few boards, a hammer, saw and nails, and go to work with a will, says a writer in Indiana Farmer, and it will surprise you if you have never tried it, to find how much happier you will feel to know that your cattle and horses are comfortable during the cold, stormy weather. Do not stop with repairs. There are few who cannot improve on the conveniences around one's premises. Have you a sloppy, muddy walk to your barn and out-houses? Have you an uncomfortable place in which to milk? Are your tools and implements unhoused? Are all the walks leading to the house such as will make no extra work for the wife? Have you scrapers and mats at each door, enabling those who enter to leave dirt outside? It is unnecessary to ask more questions.

Suits the Women.

An Austrian custom which relates to married men would, no doubt, be received as a boon by women in all lands. The law there is that no married man can procure a passport for a journey beyond the frontier in any direction without first having the consent of his wife. The railroad companies there, however, hold out great inducements to married men to take their wives with them when traveling; ladies accompanied by their husbands being charged only half fare.

Natural History Notes.

The bees go to distances of from two to four miles in search of honey in good weather and fly at the rate of seven miles an hour.

The passion flower derives its name from an idea that all the instruments of Christ's passion are represented—viz., the five wounds, the column or pillar of scourging, besides the three nails, the crown of thorns, etc. Most of the passion flowers are natives of the hottest parts of America.

Dog collars and chains at McLennan & McFeely's. *

The Care of Odds and Ends.

There are few things that are more neglected than the bits and scraps of cloth that accumulate about a house.

Those that are valuable are often allowed to go to waste through carelessness, while those that seem of less account are permitted to become occasions of annoyance by reason of gathering moths or dust or littering up the rooms in which they are stored. Large bags should be provided for all pieces and patches; cotton, silk and woolen are better kept separate. In the woolen bag a package of camphor may keep away moths, unless the parcels become too thoroughly inhabited by them.

Because articles do not seem to have an immediate use, many persons throw them away. This is the very worst kind of economy, because it involves continual purchasing of mending pieces or the thousand-and-one little necessary articles that are always called for in the family. It seems a very little thing to pay ten or twenty-five cents for a bit of cloth that many women do not mind it in the least; even though it must be done several times in the course of a couple of weeks, it is never thought of as an expensive or unwise thing. It is altogether likely that last week or the week before the very needed thing was thrown into the fire or into the garbage-can.

The unwisdom of such a course need scarcely be commented on. It is the small expenditures of this sort that make up the year's enormous bills. It takes many women a lifetime to learn this, and, indeed, many women never learn it at all.

Owned by One Family 224 Years.

There is one piece of real estate in Maine which is entailed so far as such property can be in this country. It is known as Dundee and situated in the town of Limington. In 1668 Francis Small bought it, with other lands, from the Indians, the original deed being yet preserved in the family. Having descended from father to son for several generations, Humphrey Small purchased a small section of his father's land, which he named Dundee, and he stoutly affirmed that Dundee should remain in the ownership of the Smalls forever, and that it should be allowed to become a forest again. Twice he was offered more than double its value, but although hard pressed for money he remained true to his declaration. On the 28th of November this property had been in possession of the family 224 years, and to commemorate this, and also to celebrate the centennial of Limington, which was organized in 1792, the family had a reunion and picnic. Next year they propose to celebrate their 225th anniversary with a larger gathering, to include all of the Small family that can be gathered together.—Bangor Whig.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALOON OR RESTAURANT KEEPERS—Young man will give month's time to learn either of the above trades. Waiter or bar tender. G., TIMES office. ja12

TO LET—Two roomed cottage furnished, with or without meals. Apply at the Douglas House. ja12-7t

WANTED—Immediately gents cast off clothes. Mrs. G. Knight, 10½ Johnson St. City. ja12 2t

SONS OF ERIN

Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m. All Irishmen are invited to join.

RICHARD ASHLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

AUCTION SALE

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

I have been instructed by Hugh Carson, Esq., to sell by public auction at his residence,

101 PANDORA STREET,

—ON—

Saturday Next, 14th Instant,

At 11 a. m.,

Parlor suites, carpets, pictures, lace curtains, extension table, oak sideboard, dinner service and crockery, glassware, bed lounge, bedroom suites, blankets, spring mattresses, sheets, feather pillows, No. 8 Stove, brass and copper utensils, etc., etc.

Terms cash. Goods to be taken away on day of sale or will be left at purchaser's expense. Goods on view from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., on Friday previous to sale.

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

ja12

VICTORIA THEATRE.

THREE NIGHTS.

Commencing Monday, January 16.

The Greatest of all Spectacular Productions.

Siberia.

40 PEOPLE IN THE CAST. **40**

Grand Ballet of 20. Miss Julia Kingsley, Serpentine Dancer. Laura Ashby, Female Juggler; and a host of others.

Seats now on sale at Jamieson's, 50c. and $1

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

—WILL SAIL ON—

Tuesday, January 17th,

AT 6 P. M.

From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.

For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN
22 Trounce Avenue.

ja11-td

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.

LIMITED,

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,
Agent, 6, Bastion Square, Victoria

oc9

Mackie's Pure Highland Scotch Whiskies

MACKIE'S SELECTED LAGAVULIN.

MACKIE'S VERY RARE OLD SPECIAL.

MACKIE'S OLD BLEND of the WHITE HORSE Cellar.

The famous LAGAVULIN DISTILLERY, ISLAND OF ISLAY, SCOTLAND. The Lagavulin Whisky is famous for its fine quality, being made from pure Scotch Malt only, and has long been the favorite beverage of Sportsmen. The most eminent Physicians of the day prescribe it where a stimulant is required.

Lagavulin Distillery, Islay,
Laphroaig Distillery, Islay,
Craig-Ellachie Distillery, Glenlivet.
Glendronach Distillery, Aberdeenshire,
Kintyre Distillery, Campbeltown,
Longrow Distillery, Campbeltown.

MACKIE & Co., 13 Carlton Place, Glasgow, Scotland.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED BY

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Alberni City

LOOK IT UP.

If you don't possess a

Pittsburg Lamp

You are like the man that drove the hearse,

"Not In It."

Sehl-Hastie-Erskine CO.

The Pittsburgh Lamp is one of those inventions that seems to be finished. It seems to reach the end as to goodness of light in every way, and ease of management. The only care it requires is filling and wiping.

Dirt falls out when the chimney is taken off, not into a pocket as in other central-draught lamps.

Putting in a new wick is a very easy matter indeed.

All this seems strange to one who knows how troublesome other good lamps are.

It is in all the good lamp-stores. Send for a primer.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.

Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and **Letters of Credit** issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.

Collections made at every point.

Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

JUST RECEIVED

Ex "Ariadne," "Lizzie Bell," and "Irvine," large consignments of

★ PAINTS ★

direct from the manufacturers, which we are selling at Low Prices

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

We carry the most complete line of Coach Colors, Varnishes, and Paints in the Province.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Cor. Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B.C.

TELEPHONE 82. P.O. BOX

AT LAST

People are beginning to realize that the Canada Western People mean business, and that

There is Something Back of Duluth

For both are more favorably discussed and more investments are being made.

The Counsel-General for the road meant exactly what he said when he told the public Duluth would be the Divisional Headquarters, and the Starting Point of the Ferry up Bute Inlet.

I have ALL of the Original Townsite for sale, and also some good acreage property. Terms are the best.

For particulars and prices see

F. G. RICHARDS,
Agent, 51 Yates St.